

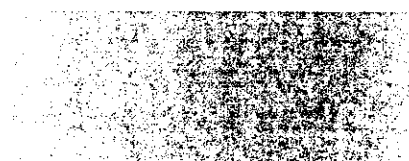


## **Forum on African Statistics Development (FASDEV-II)**

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# **FASDEV**



**Review of Support to Statistical Capacity Building in  
Sub-saharan Africa - From Reporting to Collaboration**

**REVIEW OF SUPPORT TO STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING  
IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA**

**FROM REPORTING TO COLLABORATION**

**Synthesis Report on the Light Reporting Exercise  
as of January 2006**

**VOLUME I**

**Draft**



January 2006

## Table of Contents

### VOLUME I : MAIN TEXT

Acronyms .....	4
Executive Summary .....	7
A. Background.....	11
B. Objectives of the Light Reporting Mechanism.....	12
C. Methodology and its Constraints .....	12
D. Limitations of the Results .....	14
E. Results of the Light Reporting Mechanism .....	15
1. By Beneficiary Country.....	16
2. By Development Partner .....	16
• European Commission .....	17
• UK (DFID).....	17
• World Bank.....	17
• African Development Bank .....	18
• Norway.....	18
• Sweden .....	18
• Denmark.....	19
• IMF .....	19
• Germany.....	20
• France... ..	20
3. By Statistical Areas .....	20
4. By Key Financing Source.....	21
F. Problems Encountered by Development Partners.....	23
G. The Way Forward: from Reporting to Collaboration .....	23
1. Lessons Learned.....	23
2. Way Forward – Discussion Points .....	24

Annex 1: List of Development Partners and Reporting Status

Annex 2: Questionnaire of Light Reporting Mechanism

Annex 3: Visits to Development Partners

Annex 4: Comparison of LRM and OECD's CRS

### VOLUME II: DETAILED PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF THE LIGHT REPORTING EXERCISE AS OF JANUARY 2006

Introductory Note

Table I: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, by Beneficiary Country

Table II: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, by Development Partner

Table III: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, by Major Statistical Activity

Table IV: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, by Key Financing Sources

Table V: General Information on Development Partners

## Acronyms

<b>ACBF</b>	African Capacity Building Foundation
<b>ACP</b>	African and Caribbean Program
<b>AfDB</b>	African Development Bank
<b>AFRISTAT</b>	Observatoire économique et statistique d'Afrique subsaharienne
<b>AFRITAC</b>	African Regional Technical Assistance Centre
<b>AIDCO</b>	Aid Corporation (European Commission)
<b>AIDS</b>	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
<b>BCEAO</b>	Central Bank of Western African States
<b>BEAC</b>	Banque des Etats de l'Afrique
<b>CEMAC</b>	Central Africa Economic and Monetary Community
<b>CODI</b>	Committee on Development Information
<b>COMESA</b>	Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa
<b>CPLP</b>	Comunidade dos Países de Língua Portuguesa
<b>CRS</b>	Creditor Reporting System (OECD)
<b>CWIQ</b>	Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire
<b>DAC</b>	Development Assistance Committee (OECD)
<b>DANIDA</b>	Danish International Development Agency
<b>DIAL</b>	Développement des Investigations sur l'Assistance à Long-terme
<b>DQAF</b>	Data Quality Assessment Framework
<b>DFID</b>	Department for International Development (United Kingdom)
<b>DHS</b>	Demographic and Health Survey
<b>EAC</b>	East African Community
<b>EASTC</b>	East African Statistical Training Centre (Tanzania)
<b>EC</b>	European Commission
<b>ECOWAS</b>	Economic Community of West African States
<b>EMIS</b>	Education Management Information System
<b>ENEA</b>	Ecole Nationale d'Economie Appliquée (Senegal)
<b>ENSEA</b>	Ecole National Supérieure de Statistique et d'Economie Appliquée (Côte d'Ivoire)
<b>EUROSTAT</b>	European Statistical Office
<b>FAO</b>	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

<b>FASDEV</b>	Forum on African Statistical Development
<b>GDDS</b>	General Data Dissemination System
<b>GTZ</b>	German Technical Cooperation (Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit)
<b>HIV</b>	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
<b>HMN</b>	Health Metrics Network
<b>ICP</b>	International Comparison Program
<b>IDA</b>	International Development Association
<b>IHSN</b>	International Household Survey Network
<b>ILO</b>	United Nations International Labour Organization
<b>IMF</b>	International Monetary Fund
<b>INSEE</b>	Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
<b>InWEnt</b>	Capacity Building International
<b>ISSEA</b>	Institut sous-régional de Statistique et d'Economie Appliquée (Cameroon)
<b>LAS</b>	League of Arab States
<b>LRM</b>	Light Reporting Mechanism
<b>LSMS</b>	Living Standards Measurement Survey
<b>M&amp;E</b>	Monitoring and Evaluation
<b>MAPS</b>	Marrakech Action Plan for Statistics
<b>MDG</b>	Millennium Development Goals
<b>MICS</b>	Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey
<b>NORAD</b>	Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation
<b>NSDS</b>	National Strategy for the Development of Statistics
<b>NSO</b>	National Statistical Office
<b>ODA</b>	Official Development Assistance
<b>OECD</b>	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
<b>PARIS21</b>	Partnership in Statistics for Development in the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century
<b>PRS</b>	Poverty Reduction Strategy
<b>RRSF</b>	Reference Regional Strategic Framework for Statistical Capacity Building in Africa
<b>SADC</b>	Southern African Development Community
<b>SCB</b>	Statistical Capacity Building
<b>SIDA</b>	Swedish International Development Agency
<b>SSA</b>	Sub-Saharan Africa
<b>STATCAP</b>	Statistical Capacity Credit/Loan

<b>TFSCB</b>	Trust Fund for Statistical Capacity Building
<b>UK</b>	United Kingdom
<b>UN</b>	United Nations
<b>UNAIDS</b>	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
<b>UNDP</b>	United Nations Development Programme
<b>UNECA</b>	United Nations Economic Commission for Africa
<b>UNECE</b>	United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
<b>UNEP</b>	United Nations Environment Programme
<b>UNESCO-UIS</b>	United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization – Institute for Statistics
<b>UNFPA</b>	United Nations Population Fund
<b>UNICEF</b>	United Nations Children's Fund
<b>UNSD</b>	United Nations Statistics Division
<b>US</b>	United States of America
<b>USAID</b>	United States Agency for International Development
<b>US CDC</b>	U.S. Center for Disease Control and Prevention
<b>WAEMU/UEMOA</b>	West Africa Economic and Monetary Union
<b>WAMI</b>	West Africa Monetary Institute
<b>WHO</b>	World Health Organization

## Executive Summary<sup>1</sup>

1. For the pilot light reporting exercise on development partners' support to statistical capacity building (SCB) in Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA), the PARIS21 Secretariat requested 56 partners to provide information on their statistical activities that were active during 2004-05.<sup>2</sup> The responses received from partners represent an inventory of existing activities in support of statistical capacity building and an estimate of total commitment value for these activities. Key results, based on the responses of 51 partners indicate that:

- seven countries are benefiting from 40% of the commitment value of the inventory of ongoing projects/programmes to support SCB in Sub-Saharan Africa;
- the five biggest financial contributors of SCB are the World Bank, the European Commission, the UK, Norway, and the African Development Bank;
- a number of key partners are increasingly funnelling their funds through sub-regional intermediaries;
- 40 SSA countries participate in the GDDS of the IMF;
- all countries (except for Somalia) benefit from the ICP-Africa program;
- Burkina Faso and Nigeria are implementing STATCAPs;
- 16 countries have received TFSCB grants for the design of a National Strategy for Statistical Development (NSDS);
- a number of partners have shifted or are shifting to budget and sector programs, implying that statistical support needs to be identified early in the project cycle to get funding;
- funding to statistical training centres and for student scholarships is decreasing, aggravating existing weak technical skills of staff in the national statistical system.

2. In reviewing the results, it is important to note that **the financing amounts reflect commitments for operations that were active during 2004-05, and thus cover the project life, not only the last two years. These figures are not final, but need to be verified with each partner, after which an estimate of annual flows to statistical activities by each development partner is envisaged in the spring of 2006. It should be also highlighted that more work is necessary to make these figures comparable and to allow their aggregation.** A few other points should be kept in mind when interpreting these results:

- statistical support could be higher than reported, since (i) identifying statistical support in operations with budgetary support or non-earmarked sector support is virtually impossible, (ii) determining the amount of financing to statistical activities in multi-sector operations is sometimes difficult, (iii) the increasing shift to decentralized decision-making at the field level makes it sometimes difficult to know the details of what is actually financed; (iv) a number of partners did not report the amount of financing for their activities, and (v) a few partners either provided partial information or did not respond to the questionnaire;

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<sup>1</sup> For this exercise, the term "development partner" refers to a technical agency or to a donor who provides technical assistance and/or funding, and the term "beneficiary country" refers to an African country receiving support for statistical capacity building.

<sup>2</sup> The period 2004-05 refers to the two calendar years, 2004 and 2005, during which technical and financial partners had active commitments with beneficiary countries.

- statistical support could be lower, since (i) for partners with long-term projects/programmes, the amount provided represents total commitments to the operation, which may cover a longer period than 2004-05; and (ii) there is some possibility of double-counting, especially for activities implemented by intermediary organisations for financial partners. Cross-checking efforts were taken to minimize this problem, but further verification with both financial partners and intermediaries will be necessary;

### **The Way Forward: from reporting to collaboration**

3. Key lessons that can be drawn from this exercise include the need to
  - **continue to raise awareness of SCB and improve collaboration among partners' agencies:** getting precise information on support to SCB is difficult under any system, but exchanging information on what assistance is being provided by different partners could ensure greater coherence of statistical activities at the beneficiary country level, as well as harmonise partners' collaboration;
  - **promote/advocate the importance of monitoring SCB for partners' own use:** in keeping with the move to results-based management, it would be advantageous for partners to "mainstream" statistics in their organisation and track the use and effectiveness of their assistance to SCB on the ground. This could be done in a number of ways through: (i) the monitoring system of operations; (ii) the partner's administrative accounting system, (iii) a project information system (based on field reports) which would allow searches on specific terms; and/or (iv) improvements in CRS to include more comprehensive activities related to statistical capacity building;
  - **verify information at country level:** verification of information at the country level, both with staff of the partner's country offices and with staff of the national statistical system and other government sources is essential.

### ***Way forward – Discussion Points***

4. The pilot exercise of the Light Reporting Mechanism (LRM) in SSA raises a number of points that require discussion among development partners and beneficiary countries in order to move forward on improved partner collaboration in the area of statistical capacity building. This debate should consider the following questions:

- **What would be the use of the reporting mechanism to development partners?**
  - The reporting mechanism, by providing an overview of the support to SCB to individual countries, could be used as a management tool to identify where partner support could be used more efficiently, thus avoiding duplication, promoting complementarity in different efforts, and filling gaps (financial or in statistical areas not receiving sufficient support);
  - The reporting process, which has increased awareness at partners' headquarters to improve both reporting of SCB and coordination within their agencies, could be used as an advocacy tool to promote the importance of statistical development and its support by partners. It could lead to a development partner strategy to support SCB and the preparation of a periodic report on SCB by each development partner.



- **What could be the use of the reporting process to developing countries?**
  - The information from the reporting mechanism, along with ongoing NSDS work, would permit beneficiary countries to identify the gaps between their statistical needs and actual support. It would be useful in improving the design of their NSDS, particularly during discussions on funding of the strategy. Ideally, updating and monitoring this information could be done through the country's NSDS implementation monitoring system. The diagnostic phase of the NSDS includes a report describing financing sources and amounts, while the monitoring of the implementation of the NSDS should produce an overall report, including a section on actual financing;
  - The information can also be used to supplement GDDS – regular updates of countries' metadata and plans for improvement will keep development partners informed about improvements and future needs in statistical capacity;
  - At country level, it would also be possible to address not only the "input" side of partners' support, but also the outputs and outcomes of this support, and, in some cases, to discuss the impact evaluation of the support.
- **What could be the use of the reporting mechanism to the international statistical system and the development community?**
  - In recent years, the importance of "scaling up" of resources to support SCB has become a frequent issue of discussion in international forums. The reporting process could be a tool to monitor progress in support to SCB by the international community;
  - The reporting mechanism, as a complement to DAC's CRS, opens the discussion on how to improve the CRS, so that it could report more comprehensively on activities related to statistical capacity building;
  - The reporting mechanism could serve as a basis for reflection by partners to elaborate an International Strategy for Statistical Capacity Building (as Africa's RRSF). This would permit the definition of a common policy that could lead to the harmonisation of development partners' activities.
- **Should the Light Reporting Mechanism be continued and in which form?**
  - Verifying results of this pilot exercise in a few countries (select countries that have a variety of partners and statistical activities) with both government sources and field offices of development partners may be necessary to establish a country-specific baseline on support to SCB for future rounds of the reporting mechanism;
  - Placing more focus on planned activities and projects might render the reporting process more effective in the future;
  - Defining the frequency and geographical coverage of the reporting mechanism needs to be discussed. In view of the effort required to collect the information, it might be prudent to conduct the exercise every two years and extend it to other parts of the world one region at a time;
  - Monitoring the web-based database should also be discussed. Possible candidates to maintain it include the UNECA, the African Development Bank or others. PARIS21 could house the database, but the logistics of its maintenance (e.g., modalities, regularity of reporting, information access, and security issues) need to be discussed and agreed upon;
  - Taking into account the lessons learned from the pilot light reporting exercise;
  - Allocating adequate budget to carry out the necessary reporting tasks.

## A Review of Support to Statistical Capacity Building in Sub-Saharan Africa: From Reporting to Collaboration

### Synthesis Report on the Light Reporting Exercise<sup>3</sup>

#### A. Background

5. The *Forum for African Statistical Development (FASDEV)*, composed of representatives of donor institutions, UN specialized agencies, regional and sub-regional organizations, and national agencies, met for the first time in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, from May 12-13, 2004. In keeping with FASDEV's goal of promoting statistical capacity building in Africa, the meeting highlighted the need for greater exchange of information among development partners that support statistical capacity building (SCB) in African countries (see box). In addition to contributing to a stronger collaboration among these partners, such an exchange would support the preparation of National Strategies for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) in African countries, in line with the Marrakech Action Plan for Statistics (MAPS) of February 2004.

6. A meeting on coordinating statistical capacity building in Africa, held from January 31-February 2, 2005 in Tunisia and attended by the World Bank, IMF, the African Development Bank, the UNECA and PARIS21, as well as the *PARIS21 Steering Committee Meeting*, held from June 9-10, 2005 in Paris, endorsed this idea of greater information exchange, calling for a light reporting mechanism to be put in place that would record support to statistical capacity building activities in Africa by development partners. The PARIS21 Secretariat was requested to set up this Light Reporting Mechanism (LRM), which is very much in line with PARIS21's role of promoting effective collaboration among development partners so as to increase their support to statistical activities in developing countries.

7. In a broad manner, this request is also in line with the *Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness*, adopted at the High-Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness of March 2, 2005, which calls for strong commitments to harmonize and align aid delivery by multilateral and bilateral

#### *What is SCB?*

For the light reporting mechanism, SCB is defined as support for agencies or organizations involved in the collection, compilation, processing and dissemination of official statistics, including administrative data systems). This reporting focuses on support to SCB by development partners either directly to countries or through regional and sub-regional organizations through:

- specific funding instruments (e.g., STATCAP);
- other investment projects (or components of a project)
- stand-alone technical assistance and/or training (e.g., as part of regional programs)

It does not regard support to monitoring and evaluations (M&E) systems as support to SCB. This support is generally seen as a project management tool. Similarly, the use of data for analytical purposes by a donor organization is not considered as SCB, if the analysis is for internal use.

<sup>3</sup> For this exercise, the term "development partner" refers to a technical agency or to a donor who provides technical assistance and/or funding, and the term "beneficiary country" refers to a Sub-Saharan African country receiving support for statistical capacity building.

development institutions. The results of the LRM would also provide relevant input for the annual report on IDA-14 negotiations.

## **B. Objectives of the Light Reporting Mechanism**

8. Under the broad objective of stronger collaboration among development partners, the specific objectives of the LRM are to:

- increase knowledge on what development partners are doing to support statistical capacity building ;
- provide information to improve donor harmonisation and collaboration in the statistical area with the aim of ensuring greater coherence at country level and minimizing duplication of efforts;
- increase visibility of statistical support within overall development assistance;
- identify countries or statistical areas where additional support is needed.

9. The results of the reporting mechanism will not only provide a better understanding of financial flows to statistical capacity building, but will also serve as a basis to improve the mobilisation of resources for the implementation of the NSDSs that most African countries are in the process of preparing. In addition, the mid-term evaluations of NSDS' implementation may identify future financing needs – information which could be useful for development partners in designing their assistance programs. Clearly, partner financial support to SCB is a complement to beneficiary countries' own funding efforts to support statistical capacity building in their country. The light reporting exercise will also be of use to national planners to formulate action plans for SCB activities in the international context. Thus the intended audience encompasses both national and international stakeholders, including the donor community, the NSDS design teams and other national policymakers and planners.

## **C. Methodology and its Constraints**

10. It should be emphasized that the Light Reporting Mechanism is not meant to replace the Credit Reporting System (CRS) of the OECD (see box). However, the CRS, which monitors new commitments to developing countries, cannot capture all aid to support statistical capacity building, despite the introduction of a purpose code for SCB in 1999. To assess the differences between the CRS and the LRM, a comparison of the information in each system was carried out (Annex 1). The analysis presents a general comparison of the elements of each system (definition, objective, statistical activity identified, reporting partner and type of data requested). The amount of funding by members of DAC to beneficiary countries for the period 2001-04 is also shown. In general, the analysis demonstrates the difficulty in comparing the data of the two systems from a financial perspective, mainly because the CRS permits only one code per project/program and so may not capture SCB components of projects, if they are not main components.

11. Past efforts by the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) to obtain information on support for statistical development must be acknowledged. From the 1970s to late 1990s, the UNSD collected this information from bilateral and multilateral organisations on a two-yearly basis, presented it to the UN Statistical Commission, and distributed it to national statistical offices of UN member states. In addition to requesting information on the areas of statistical support, this reporting exercise covered expenditures of headquarters personnel involved in support operations, field staff, training, and other administrative expenditures. Since the

responses were mixed or incomplete, collection from bilateral organisations was eventually discontinued in 1989 and from other organizations in 1995. A second effort was carried out in 1997 in the form of an ad hoc large-scale survey, including 50 development partners and 158 beneficiary countries, and covering the period 1992-95. There was a two-thirds response rate from the development partners and a 25% rate from beneficiary countries. The development partners and the UN Statistical Commission recognized the problems in collecting the data and the poor quality of the data (there was little correlation between information provided by development partners and beneficiary countries). No final decision was made on the basis of the data collected and the exercise lapsed in 1997.

#### **Creditor Reporting System (CRS)**

The CRS Aid Activity database of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) includes commitment and disbursement data on Official Development Assistance (ODA) activities in developing countries. The information is submitted by members of the DAC and multilateral institutions (between 30,000–45,000 transactions in recent years). The objective of the Aid Activity database is to provide a set of readily available basic data to enable analysis on where aid goes, what purposes it serves and what policies it aims to implement, on a comparable basis for all DAC members. Generally, Aid Activity data are used to analyze sector and geographical breakdown of aid for selected years and donors or groups of donors. The database also permits the analysis of specific policy issues (e.g., tying status of aid) and monitors donors' compliance with various international recommendations in the area of development cooperation. In addition to the Aid Activity database, the CRS includes a database on non-ODA lending and officially-supported export credits.

12. For the LRM, the approach adopted by PARIS21 to collect the information was to contact those development partners considered supporters to SCB in Sub-Saharan Africa. Fifty-six (56) partners were contacted, of which 20 were bilateral donors, 17 multilateral agencies, 3 regional organizations, 11 sub-regional organizations, 4 statistical training centres, and one foundation (Annex 2). All partners received a questionnaire (Annex 3) for completion. The questionnaire, designed by the PARIS21 Secretariat, incorporates comments from a pilot exercise carried out in the spring of 2005 with the FAO, the European Union, and the World Bank. It comprises two parts: (i) a general information sheet on the partner and (ii) a project/program information sheet for each project/program that the partner was supporting during 2004-05<sup>4</sup> in a country. The information requested on each project/program includes the statistical area supported, the objectives, duration, the type of assistance provided, the type and amount of funding, problems encountered, and the institutional contact person.

13. Given the difficulty of designing a questionnaire suitable for all development partners, PARIS21 offered them the opportunity to submit the information in a form convenient to them, including existing reports. Moreover, for a number of the major partners, missions to their headquarters were scheduled (see Annex 4). It should be noted that the findings of the consultants' reports prepared in mid-2005 for the Reference Regional Strategic Framework (RRSF), under the aegis of the UNECA, the African Development Bank, the World Bank and PARIS21, contributed to the program of visits of the light reporting mechanism.

<sup>4</sup> The period 2004-05 refers to the two calendar years, 2004 and 2005, during which technical and financial partners had active commitments with beneficiary countries.

14. The selection of the above approach to collect information from development partners, rather than collecting the information at country level, was based on time and financial constraints. It was thought more efficient to request the information from the headquarters of the development partner providing the support, as a first step in raising awareness of statistical capacity building at a central level and in gaining better understanding of the partner's involvement in this area. Though sensible, this approach has some shortcomings, which have been confirmed while carrying out the exercise, namely:

- **statistics not always identified as a sector in their own right.** Statistical capacity building is sometimes part of broader programs (e.g. budget support, health, education), which cannot be easily identified and/or quantified;
- **few development partner agencies maintain a centralized system on details of their operations and on detailed use of their resources.** Development partners are increasingly moving towards budget support, putting control of decisions in the hands of partner governments and thus making it difficult to track activity-specific use of funds. Many are also moving to the decentralization of decision-making to their in-country offices, based on an indicative program between headquarters and beneficiary governments. Because of this, identification of statistical capacity building activities and their financing levels are generally difficult to identify at partners' headquarters;
- **reporting on statistical capacity building is not seen as priority.** Some partners do not recognize statistical capacity building as high priority for the policy agenda, and therefore do not give it a high profile in their accounting system. Moreover, they do not have resources to dedicate to additional work required for identifying/tracking SCB activities;
- **collaboration between a financial donor's aid agency and its statistical office is not always well-coordinated.** Aid agencies may not be aware of the support provided by their statistical counterparts and vice versa. Exceptions to this include Norway and Sweden, where there is close collaboration between NORAD and Statistics Norway and between SIDA and Statistics Sweden;
- **selection of development partners may not be complete.** There may be some other partners that were unintentionally omitted from the list. Identifying and contacting the correct person in a partner's organization is also a crucial issue, so as not to waste time and effort;
- **estimating the financial value of technical assistance is not always easy.** Partners who provide technical assistance (in the form of experts and training) as part of their regular work program have difficulty in converting the amount of time of technical assistance into financial terms.

## D. Limitations of the Results

15. The responses received from partners represent an inventory of existing activities in support of statistical capacity building and an estimate of total commitment value for these activities. The results presented below represent the responses of 51 of the 56 development partners contacted, of whom 12 had no ongoing SCB activities in Sub-Saharan Africa during 2004-05 (see Annex 2). In addition, two partners provided only partial information, namely UNDP and UNFPA, mainly because information on their statistical activities is kept at the field level, not at headquarters. UNEP and two sub-regional organizations (SADC, and ISSEA) did not respond to the request. Responses to the questionnaire are varied, reflecting the issues mentioned under the methodology section above.

16. More specifically, the following limitations should be kept in mind when reviewing the results of this exercise:

- statistical support could be higher than what is reported, since (i) identifying statistical support in operations with budget support and in non-earmarked sector support is virtually impossible, (ii) identifying the amount of financing to statistical activities in multi-sector operations is sometimes difficult, (iii) a number of partners did not report the amount of financing for their activities (US, Australia, FAO, UNESCO-UIS, UNCTAD, and UNICEF's MICS program), and (iv) a number of partners, as mentioned above, sent partial information or did not respond to the questionnaire;
- statistical support could be lower for 2004-05 than what is presented below, since for partners with long-term projects/programs (representing a large percentage of total financing support), the amount provided represents total commitments to the operation, which normally cover a longer period than 2004-05. This exercise reports on commitments rather than disbursements because disbursement information is often less readily available and more difficult to compare, given the different "fiscal years" used by partners;
- possibility of double-counting, especially for activities financed and implemented by different organizations. Cross-referencing efforts were taken to minimize this problem, but further verification with both financial partners and intermediaries would be necessary;
- the information provided represents planned activities at the approval stage, not necessarily actual activities implemented;
- the "results" (output and impact) of statistical activities are frequently difficult to know without verification at field level, especially for multi-year programs;
- for projects/programs that cover a group of countries, a simple arithmetic average was used to calculate the amount of financing per country (this does not apply to the ICP of the African Development Bank, for which amounts are country-specific).

## **E. Results of the Light Reporting Exercise**

17. The results of the light reporting exercise are broken down in four ways, by beneficiary country, by development partner, by statistical area, and by key financing sources – Volume II. In addition, Table V of Volume II presents general information on the partner agency, namely its principal areas of statistical support, the number of professionals involved in SCB activities, general problems encountered and the partner's contact person. For the moment, the responses to the questionnaire have been stored in a simple Excel-based database. It is clear that if the LRM is to continue, a web-based database will have to be developed to allow regular updating either directly by development partners themselves or by a facilitator relying on a formatted data sheet to be completed by each partner.

18. A number of external factors, particularly the monitoring of Poverty Reduction Strategies (PRS) and the monitoring of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), have raised the awareness of the world community for more reliable and timely statistics in Africa. These factors combined with the MAPS' action point on designing and implementing NSDS, have placed an increasing focus on the mobilisation of external funding for statistical development. A clear example is the creation of the Trust Fund on Statistical Capacity Building (TFSCB) in 1999, financed by the UK, Netherlands, France and Germany, and administered and supervised by the World Bank. In fact, in recent years the TFSCB stipulates that 60% of the funds be used to support the design and preparation of NSDS.

## 1. By Beneficiary Country

19. Table I of Volume II presents a summary of the results of the light reporting exercise by beneficiary country. Some points to highlight are:

- most sub-Saharan African countries (except Somalia) benefit from the ICP-Africa program, under the aegis of the AfDB and financed by DFID, the World Bank, and AfDB;
- Burkina Faso and Nigeria have a STATCAP project, financed by the World Bank;
- as of end-December 2005, 16 countries have benefited from the TFSCB for the design of an NSDS (or Statistical Master Plan), amounting to roughly US\$ 1.9 million, while the proposal of one other country is under review;
- 40 Sub-Saharan African countries now participate in the IMF GDDS, of which 8 posted their metadata on the IMF's web-based Dissemination Standards Bulletin Board during 2004-05. The GDDS project for Anglophone countries now covers 15 countries, while that for Lusophone countries is assisting 4 countries, and the West Africa project serves 10 Francophone countries (see box on GDDS);
- UNDG's DevInfo software, managed by UNICEF, has been introduced in 18 Sub-Saharan African countries;
- 15 African countries are carrying out stand-alone MICS, while 14 other countries are participating in various activities of UNICEF's MICS program, including training;
- the role of sub-regional organizations (SROs) appears to be an important vehicle for partners' financing, principally for the EC and the AfDB. The IMF's creation of AFRITAC East and AFRITAC West also indicates a regional approach to SCB support;
- three statistical training centres (ENSEA, ENEA and EASTC) received financing of US\$ 2.2 million for the two scholastic years (2003-05)

## 2. By Development Partner

20. Of the 51 development partners who responded to the questionnaire, 39 indicated support to SCB in SSA during 2004-05 (Table II, Volume II). As a companion to the light reporting mechanism, a Directory of development partners, providing information on each partner's overall orientations, main areas of intervention, and institutional structure and contacts, is being prepared and will be distributed, once partners have reviewed it. (Distribution of the Directory is tentatively scheduled for April 2006). Table 1 presents a summary of the amount of funding to support SCB by key financial partners.

21. The following highlights the involvement of key partners in SCB:

**Table 1: Amount of Financing to Support SCB in SSA, by Selected Development Partner (US\$ million)**

Development Partner	Amount *	Number Benef. Ctries	Number Reg. Orgs.
Canada	9.3	8	1
Denmark	4.7	2	
France	9.2	6	5
Germany	5.1	7	
Italy	4.5	2	
Norway	18.6	5	
Sweden	15.2	5	
UK	66.7	9	
EC	67.1	11	5
IMF	6.2	28	
World Bank	67.9	28	2
AfDB	18.5	47	10
ACBF	6.8	8	1
UNDP	4.2		
UNAIDS	5.0		
UNSD	1.5		1
UNILLO	2.1	11	
* Financing amounts should not be aggregated until more work is done to bring them to a comparable basis.			

- **European Commission**

At the European Commission, statistical capacity building in the context of EC aid, is handled by a policy arm, External Relations DG and Development DG, and its operational implementing agency, EuropeAid Co-operation Office, in Brussels. The statistical office, EUROSTAT, in Luxembourg is providing technical advice on statistical co-operation projects/programmes to Commission services in Brussels and the EC delegations. The policy arm, along with its country delegations and national governments, defines a strategy and an Indicative Programme of assistance for each country. It is then the EuropeAid Co-operation Office, country delegations and national governments that implement this Programme.

EC funding is provided mostly at the national level, with roughly 10% going through sub-regional intermediaries, particularly COMESA, UEMOA, CEMAC, SADC, and ECOWAS. The information provided for the light reporting exercise indicates an amount of US\$67.1 million going to SCB in SSA, making the EC one of the largest supporter in recent years. It should be emphasized, however, that this amount is strongly underestimated since it does not reflect the full amount of assistance at the national level. At present, there is no reporting system allowing the identification of statistical activities in EC's national programmes.

- **UK**

The UK through its development ministry, DFID, is one of the biggest promoter of SCB worldwide and the third largest in SSA, with US\$66.7 million, equivalent to 17% of SCB support during the 2004-05 period. The principal beneficiary countries in SSA are the Anglophone countries (Uganda, Nigeria, and Ghana) and the key statistical areas are institutional development of statistical systems, population census data, and GDDS. The UK's support to the IMF's GDDS Project in 15 Anglophone African countries covers the period 2002-2006 in two phases, with a contribution of US\$8 million, focusing on short-term technical assistance to improve statistics in countries and fostering of regional cooperation and south-south assistance. This Project is administered jointly by the World Bank and the IMF. A successor project is envisaged with a slightly wider coverage and with a stronger focus on SCB. In addition to co-funding the World Bank's TFSCB, the UK gives strong support to the PARIS21 Secretariat and UNDP by providing a seconded staff to each organization for a period of 2 years. It also funds experts from the US Census Bureau to assist in various aspects of census work.

- **World Bank**

The World Bank's support to SCB is provided by various financing instruments: (i) loans/credits for stand-alone projects (STATCAP program); (ii) loans/credits for components of projects/programs; (iii) grants under the TFSCB, the Institutional Development Fund; (iv) grants as part of the implementation of the MAPS funded by the Development Grant Facility (to start in 2006); and (v) other assistance through regional and sub-regional programs, such as the ICP (see AfDB).

**World Bank: Other DECDG activities**

Ongoing statistical activities include: (i) the management of the IDA-14 Results Measurement System; (ii) the administration of the International Comparison Program; (iii) the management of the Debt Reporting System; (iv) publication of the World Development Indicators and Global Development Finance; (v) development of data compilation and dissemination tools; (vi) support to the General Data Dissemination System (see IMF), focusing on socio-demographic statistics (population, health, education and poverty); (vii) the development, implementation and dissemination of household surveys; (viii) and partnerships with PARIS21. The Bank also supports monitoring and evaluation systems of Poverty Reduction Strategies.



Information on these projects is available through the Statistical Project Information Database on the Bank's website.

During the period 2004-05, more than half of SSA countries received some kind of SCB support. Burkina Faso, and Nigeria had stand-alone statistical projects on strengthening their statistical systems (STATCAP). The Bank's total support to SCB amounted to US\$ 67.9 million, of which US\$ 59.7 million was committed to projects or components of projects earmarked for SCB. In addition, 10 other projects included a statistical component, supporting both core statistical activities and a variety of surveys. The amount of financing for these components cannot be easily determined, but is estimated at nearly US\$ 6.3 million. Total TFSCB grants for the design and preparation of an NSDS and other statistical capacity building activities amounted to about US\$ 1.9 million.

In addition, to its operational support, the Bank's Data Group of the Development Economics Department (DECDG) is primarily focused on the implementation of the Marrakech Action Plan for Statistics (MAPS), which encompasses support to the development of NSDSs and Statistical Master Plans and for the implementation of related projects (such as STATCAP), support to 2010 population censuses, and the International Household Survey Network. Other non-SCB activities of DECDG are presented in the box.

- *African Development Bank*

The AfDB provides SCB support to all African countries (except Somalia) and sub-regional organizations under the International Comparison Program (ICP). The amount committed for the 3-year period, beginning December 2004 is US\$37.6 million of which US\$18.5 is allocated directly to SSA countries, sub-regional organizations and statistical training centres. The main areas funded are: core ICP activities; research on poverty measurement, based on Purchasing Power Parities; MDG monitoring and Statistical Literacy Program (with UNDP); implementation of the 1993 System on National Accounts; improvement in the systems of price statistics; development of the Reference Regional Strategic Framework for Statistical Capacity Building in Africa; assistance for the NSDS; and statistical training through Statistical Training Centres and Universities. This program is managed by the ICP-Africa Coordination Unit.

- *Norway*

The development agency, NORAD, maintains a close relationship with Statistics Norway, which implements all of Norway's technical assistance in SCB in SSA. In addition to the Mozambique project mentioned below (see Denmark), Norway supported four SCB operations for the period 2004-05, amounting to US\$ 14.1 million for: Angola, on strengthening National Statistical Institute; Eritrea, on economic statistics and national accounts; Malawi, on developing systems for household surveys; and Uganda, on agricultural and energy statistics. Norway's total support to SCB for the period is US\$ 18.6 million. Its main focus is on production of statistics, development of statistical standards and methodologies, training and dissemination.

- *Sweden*

Like NORAD, the Swedish Development Agency, SIDA, has a close relationship with its national statistical office, Statistics Sweden, which has a service-level agreement to implement all technical assistance for Swedish SCB programs. During the period 2004-05,

Sweden had 5 ongoing operations in SSA: 2 supporting a population census (Tanzania and Namibia); one for a household income/expenditure survey (Namibia); one supporting an agricultural census (Cape Verde); and one for developing statistics for poverty monitoring (South Africa). These five operations and Sweden's share of the Mozambique project mentioned below (see Denmark) totalled to US\$ 15.2 million.

- **Denmark**

Financial support to SCB is provided through the cooperation program of DANIDA. In the past, Statistics Denmark was used as the implementing agency for Denmark's program, but this will no longer be the case in the future. Denmark has limited its intervention to mainly Eastern Africa (Tanzania, Uganda) and Western Africa (Burkina Faso, Benin), focusing on information technology and institutional development. Equally with Norway and Sweden, Denmark supports a large capacity-building project of the National Statistical Institute in Mozambique, totalling US\$ 13.7 million. While statistics are considered important at DANIDA headquarters, the shift to budget and sector programs implies that statistical activities need to be identified in these programs in order to get funding. With the emphasis on national ownership, it is expected that national governments will drive the direction and composition of future funding.

- **IMF**

The Statistics Department is active in the following areas of statistical capacity building: (i) promotion of the General Data Dissemination System (collection of metadata and preparation of plan for improvement of statistical system) – see box; (ii) enhancement of data quality through the Data Quality Assessment Framework (DQAF); (iii) coordinated compilation exercises, such as for Financial Soundness Indicators (FSIs) and the coordinated portfolio investment survey; (iv) technical assistance and on-the-job training in areas of national accounts and price statistics (real sector), government finance, monetary and financial, and balance of payments statistics; (v) formal training (series of lectures, discussions, practical exercises, and case studies) on relevant statistical methodology; (vi) development and maintenance of statistical methodologies to encourage international comparability, support efficient use of statistical

#### IMF: General Data Dissemination System

The IMF's GDDS projects in SSA provides guidance on good statistical practice, supplies tools to diagnose priority areas of the statistical system, and establishes processes to aid in the formulation and implementation of plans to improve statistical systems. At present, GDDS projects include a project for:

- 15 Anglophone countries, covering Botswana, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Swaziland, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, financed mainly by the UK (see UK above);
- four Lusophone countries, covering Angola, Cape Verde, Mozambique, and Sao Tomé and Príncipe, financed primarily by a Japanese grant, to improve the capacity of participating countries' statistical systems.
- West Africa, covering Guinea, Mauritania, and the eight member countries of the West African Economic and Monetary Union (Benin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea-Bissau, Mali, Niger, Senegal, and Togo), financed primarily by the Japanese Fund for Technical Assistance. The IMF's regional Technical Assistance Center for West Africa (AFRITAC West) in Bamako, with 6 resident advisors (1 on statistics), provides technical assistance to the ten countries in the area of government finance, while AFRISTAT provides assistance in the area of real sector statistics;

The regional Technical Assistance Center for East Africa (AFRITAC East) in Dar es Salaam, covering Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania and Uganda, with 5 resident advisors (1 on statistics), provides advice, technical assistance, and training, and supervises short-term experts in implementing capacity-building projects.

resources, and promote analytical usefulness of statistics, principally for macroeconomic statistics; and (vii) publication of International Finance Statistics (IFS), Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook, Direction of Trade Statistics and Government Finance Statistics Yearbook.

The total amount of technical assistance provided during 2004-05 (excluding staff missions) to SSA amounted to 23.5 person/years, roughly equivalent to US\$ 6.2 million. Its support is provided through short-term experts and staff missions, as well as some long-term technical assistance. As of the end of 2005, there were 6 long-term experts in Africa, one in: Kenya for Anglophone countries, Mozambique for Lusophone countries, the DRC for the Republic of the Congo and DRC, Tanzania for AFRITAC-East, Mali for AFRITAC-West for the real sector and Mali for AFRITAC-West for multi-sectors.

- *Germany*

The German Ministry of Foreign Affairs works in close cooperation with its technical assistance arm, GTZ, to implement its development agenda. It also works with InWent (Capacity Building International) and the Centre for International Migration. As to SCB to SSA during 2004-05, Germany provided advisory services to the ministries of planning and finance in Burkina Faso, Guinea, Malawi, Mali and Mauritania, mainly related to poverty monitoring in the PRS process. It also supported the ACP with a special focus on Sub-Saharan Africa in the areas of HIV/AIDS, national accounts, governance and MDG monitoring. This package of assistance totalled US\$ 5 million.

- *France*

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the statistical agency (INSEE) of France support SCB to SSA mainly through the sub-regional organization, AFRISTAT, and the three statistical training centres, ENEA-Dakar, ENSEA-Abidjan, and ISSEA-Yaoundé. France provides 6 long-term experts at AFRISTAT, covering the areas of macroeconomics, national accounts, enterprises, social sectors, research, and information technology (there is no contractual time limit for experts), as well as 7 experts in SSA countries (Cameroon, Chad, Gabon, Mauritania (2) Senegal, Sudan) and one expert at SADC. France's commitments to SCB during the period covered amounted to US\$ 7.5 million. In addition, France has co-financed the TFSCB and is a major contributor to PARIS21. During 2004, INSEE offered training courses in the use of database management system for national accounts, as well as short-term technical assistance.

### 3. By Statistical Areas

22. For the Light Reporting Mechanism, support to SCB was categorized into 6 broad categories: general support, production of statistics, statistical standards and methodologies, training, analysis, and dissemination. General support refers to institutional development of national statistical systems (including their legal framework, organizational structure, physical infrastructure and other areas, principally the design of NSDS). The production of statistics is broken down into censuses, surveys, administrative data system, economic statistics, and social/sector data. Training includes formal training (support to statistical institutes), workshops/seminars on specific issues, and on-the-job training.

23. Table III of Volume II presents the key statistical activities reported by development partners. Some key results indicate that:

- institutional development is highly supported in many partner activities;
- the elaboration of price indices, particularly for the ICP and national accounts, is supported by a number of partners;
- thirteen countries received support for population censuses during the period covered;
- the Demographic and Health Surveys, mainly financed by USAID and carried out by the US Census Bureau on a reimbursable basis, contribute significantly to statistical production in African countries. During the 2004-05 period, there were 12 DHS underway, of which 3 were completed (Cameroon, Madagascar, and Mozambique);
- support to sector statistics is limited to either sector programs (such as, World Bank sector operations) or to specialized programs of technical partners, such as UNESCO for education statistics, FAO for agricultural data, ILO for labour/employment statistics, and UNICEF for maternal and child health indicators;
- most partner interventions include some form of technical training;
- the three statistical training centres (ENEA, ENSEA, and EASTC) reported a total of about 390 students for the scholastic year 2004-05. Worries as to the unpredictability of external direct funding for scholarships are prevalent, since past funding from the EC stopped two years ago and that from France may stop at some point in the future. This situation raises questions about the viability of these schools and the future availability of qualified statisticians in beneficiary countries.

24. As presented in Table III of Volume II and summarized in Table 2, 17 countries received support for household surveys (income/expenditure surveys (IES), Living Standards and Measurement Survey (LSMS), and Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire (CWIQ)). UNICEF supports stand-alone MICS in 15 countries and other MICS-related activities in 14 countries. The high cost of conducting household surveys, in both time and money terms, often distance partners from providing support. Yet, the scope of these surveys and their regularity are important considerations in the action plans of a country's NSDS. The International Household Survey Network, financed by the World Bank, may contribute to the harmonisation of partners' actions in this area. Other areas reported by development partners as requiring assistance are management training (organizational strengthening) and analysis and use of data.

**Table 2: Support to Household Surveys, by Beneficiary Country, 2004-05**

Beneficiary Country	IES	LSMS	CWIQ
Angola	X	X	X
Burkina Faso	X		
Cape Verde	X		
Cameroon	X		
Chad	X		
Gambia	X		
Guinea-Bissau	X		
Malawi		X	X
Mali	X		
Mozambique	X		X
Namibia	X		
Nigeria	X	X	X
Sao Tome & Principe	X		
Senegal	X		
Sierra Leone	X		
South Africa	X		
Zambia		X	

#### 4. By Key Financing Source

25. Table IV of Volume II presents the financing committed to support SCB to SSA during the period 2004-05, by beneficiary country and principal financial partners, while the table below shows a summary of beneficiary countries receiving over US\$ 5 million of statistical support, by main financial partners. **It should also be noted that these amounts reflect commitments for operations that were active during 2004-05, and thus cover the project life, not only the last two years. Also, the figures are not final, but need to be verified with each development partner, after which an estimate of annual flows to statistical activities by each partner is envisaged in the spring of 2006. It should be highlighted that more work is necessary to make these figures comparable and to allow their aggregations.**

26. Caution must be strongly emphasized in the interpretation of these amounts reported, keeping in mind the caveats mentioned in the sections, "Methodology and its Constraints" and "Limitations of Results". This is particularly true for development partners who are decentralized and do not have financial information readily available at headquarters. For World Bank and EC projects, which included components of SCB, but whose amounts were not specified, an estimate of 3% of total project cost was assumed. The technical assistance of the IMF, reported as person-years, was converted into financial terms by using the average annual cost for short-term and long-term experts for each year.

27. As shown in Table 3, countries benefiting from substantial SCB support include Nigeria (US\$ 48 million), Uganda (US\$ 30 million), Mozambique (US\$ 18 million), Burkina Faso (US\$12 million), Angola (US\$ 12 million), Malawi (US\$ 10 million), and Tanzania (US\$ 9 million). Based on the information provided, 40% of the commitment value of the inventory of ongoing projects/programmes is going to these seven countries. This represents 60% of the funding going directly to countries (excluding Africa-wide and sub-regional programmes not attributed to individual countries).

28. From the information received, key financial supporters to SCB are: the World Bank, the European Commission, the UK, Norway, and the African Development Bank, while the IMF contributes significant technical assistance and training. Table 3 presents the breakdown of the commitment value of the inventory of ongoing projects/programmes supported by the key financial partners.

**Table 3: Support to Statistical Capacity Building – Amount of Financing by Main Financial Partner, 2004-05 \***  
(US\$ millions)

[illegible]

## F. Problems Encountered by Technical and Financial Partners

29. Development partners identified the following issues as requiring improvement in their support to statistical capacity building in Sub-Saharan Africa:

- **issues of human resources and training**, including high statistical staff turnover throughout the national statistical system, shortage of qualified staff, especially of managerial and professional staff in national statistical offices, and low levels of remuneration for statisticians;
- **weak coordination in national data collection**, mainly due to lack of resources and lack of coordination in the development of central and sector databases (partially due to connectivity problems);
- **insufficient donor collaboration**, leading to lack of information on donor support to statistical capacity building activities;
- **issues with development assistance**: sometimes projects/programs are not designed with capacity building as an objective, resulting in unsustainable activities once the project/program ends; shortage or availability of qualified experts; and delays in release of funds for specific activities, particularly surveys;
- **decreasing financial assistance for student scholarships** and for infrastructure development may aggravate existing weak technical skills of staff in the national statistical system.

30. In addition to these issues, the “Reference Regional Strategic Framework for Statistical Capacity Building in Africa” provides a wider range of constraints and challenges identified by partners, including those linked to statistical demand, statistical supply and institutional issues.

## G. The Way Forward: from Reporting to Collaboration

### 1. Lessons

31. The experience from the pilot light reporting exercise suggests the following lessons:

- **continue to raise awareness of SCB and to improve collaboration among partners’ agencies**: getting precise information on support to SCB is difficult under any system, but exchanging information on what assistance is being provided by different agencies could ensure greater coherence of statistical activities at the beneficiary country level, as well as harmonise partners’ collaboration. It is hoped that this exchange of information on support to SCB would also lead to the realization of the need to scale up this support;
- **promote/advocate the importance of monitoring SCB for partners’ own use**: in keeping with the move to results-based management, it would be advantageous for partners to “mainstream” statistics in their organization and track the use and effectiveness of their assistance to SCB on the ground. This could be done in a number of ways through: (i) the monitoring system of operations; (ii) the partner’s administrative accounting system, (iii) a project information system (based on field reports) which would allow searches on a given number of terms, such as “statistics”, “census”, “survey”, etc.; and/or (iv) improvements in CRS to include more comprehensive activities related to statistical capacity building;
- **verify information at country level**: due to the growing shift to decentralization of decision-making within partner agencies, it seems clear that the results of a reporting

mechanism on support to SCB need to be verified at the country level, both with staff of the partner's country offices and with staff of the national statistical system and other government sources. This is even more obvious when the information provided by partners represents activities planned at the beginning of a project/program and not necessarily activities actually implemented. This country level verification would not only give a better understanding of actual activities on the ground and their impact, but would also be a key element in supporting NSDS implementation;

- **agree on information to be reported:** to facilitate data collection and a timely response rate, it might be necessary to review what information would be most relevant and agree on definitions for the items selected:
  - *standard definitions and concepts of "statistical areas":* in this regard, the new UNECE classification of International Statistical Activities could be the guide for the national statistical system;
  - *financial data:* to avoid duplication, it is necessary to distinguish between financing mechanisms among partners, namely (i) bilateral and multilateral assistance directly to countries; (ii) bilateral financing given to multilateral organizations (e.g. TFSCB); and (iii) bilateral and multilateral funding to countries through intermediary organizations (eg. ICP from AfDB to sub-regional organizations);
  - *the issue of commitments vs. disbursements* needs to be clarified. It might be best to collect commitment information (the amount committed for the life of a project/program) and the duration of the project/program, in order to estimate annual disbursement flows;
  - *cut-off date for reporting:* given that partners use different accounting periods (fiscal years covering different period), a cut-off date would need to be set;
  - *planned or envisaged activities:* determine whether these activities should be included as part of the reporting mechanism;
  - *a simpler questionnaire:* to be defined, once above points are agreed upon. One possibility would be to focus on basic data -- the project name, the statistical areas covered, the amount of commitment, and the project life. This would eliminate items, such as disbursements and results, which are more difficult and time-consuming to collect.

32. The light reporting exercise in Africa was carried out over a 5-month period from September 2005 to January 2006. It has required frequent follow-up with development partners to solicit responses, as well as processing the information received and analyzing it. Not counting the time of the development partners to gather their information, the cost of the exercise is estimated at 5 person-months, plus mission costs to a few partners' headquarters (see Annex 4). This estimate includes the start-up costs of setting up the mechanism (including the conception and design of the questionnaire and the format design for data inputting). It is expected that future updates would require fewer resources.

## 2. Way Forward – Discussion Points

33. The pilot exercise of the Light Reporting Mechanism (LRM) in SSA raises a number of points that require discussion among development partners and beneficiary countries in order to move forward on improved partner collaboration in the area of statistical capacity building. This debate should consider the following questions:

- **What would be the use of the reporting mechanism to development partners?**
  - The reporting mechanism, by providing an overview of the support to SCB to individual countries, could be used as a management tool to identify where partner support could be used more efficiently, thus avoiding duplication, promoting complementarity in different efforts, and filling gaps (financial or in statistical areas not receiving sufficient support). In this regard, it can be used to plan and coordinate technical assistance;
  - The reporting process, which has increased awareness at partners' headquarters to improve both reporting of SCB and coordination within their agencies, could be used as an advocacy tool to promote the importance of statistical development and its support by partners. It could lead to a development partner strategy to support SCB and the preparation of a periodic report on SCB by each development partner.
- **What could be the use of the reporting process to developing countries?**
  - The information from the reporting mechanism, along with ongoing NSDS work, would permit beneficiary countries to identify the gaps between their statistical needs and actual support. It would be useful in improving the design of their NSDS, particularly during discussions on funding of the strategy. Ideally, updating and monitoring this information could be done through the country's NSDS implementation monitoring system. The diagnostic phase of the NSDS includes a report describing financing sources and amounts, while the monitoring of the implementation of the NSDS should produce an overall report, including a section on actual financing;
  - The information can also be used to supplement GDDS – regular updates of countries' metadata and plans for improvement will keep development partners informed about improvements and future needs in statistical capacity;
  - At country level, it would also be possible to address not only the "input" side of partners' support, but also the outputs and outcomes of this support, and, in some cases, to discuss the impact evaluation of the support.
- **What could be the use of the reporting mechanism to the international statistical system and the development community?**
  - In recent years, the importance of "scaling up" of resources to support SCB has become a frequent issue of discussion in international forums. The reporting process could be a tool to monitor progress in support to SCB by the international community;
  - The reporting mechanism, as a complement to DAC's CRS, opens the discussion on how to improve the CRS, so that it could report more comprehensively on activities related to statistical capacity building;
  - The reporting mechanism could serve as a basis for reflection by partners to elaborate an International Strategy for Statistical Capacity Building (as Africa's RRSF). This would permit the definition of a common policy that could lead to the harmonisation of development partners' activities.
- **Should the Light Reporting Mechanism be continued and in which form?**
  - Verifying results of this pilot exercise in a few countries (select countries that have a variety of partners and statistical activities) with both government sources and field offices of development partners may be necessary to establish a country-specific baseline on support to SCB for future rounds of the reporting mechanism (see Lessons above);
  - Placing more focus on planned activities and projects might render the reporting process more effective in the future;



- Defining the frequency and geographical coverage of the reporting mechanism needs to be discussed. In view of the effort required to collect the information, it might be prudent to conduct the exercise every two years and extend it to other parts of the world one region at a time;
- Monitoring the web-based database should also be discussed. Possible candidates to maintain it include the UNECA, the African Development Bank or others. PARIS21 could house the database, but the logistics of its maintenance (e.g., modalities, regularity of reporting, information access, and security issues) need to be discussed and agreed upon;
- Taking into account the lessons learned from the pilot light reporting exercise;
- Allocating adequate budget to carry out the necessary reporting tasks.

**Comparison of Creditor Reporting System and Light Reporting Mechanism**

	<b>Creditor Reporting System</b>	<b>Light Reporting Mechanism</b>
<b>Definition</b>	The Creditor Reporting System (CRS) is a database on official development assistance (ODA) and other lending to developing countries	The "Light reporting Mechanism" is a pilot mechanism put in place by the PARIS21 Secretariat to inventory ongoing projects that support statistical activities in sub-Saharan Africa.
<b>Objective</b>	To provide on a regular basis data on donor countries' financial commitments and disbursements.	To determine "who is doing what where" in statistical capacity building.  The ultimate objective is greater effectiveness of development assistance through better coordination of partners providing statistical assistance in sub-Saharan Africa.
<b>Notification Methods</b>	The notification is carried out by a statistical correspondent to the DAC who follows CRS Directives, which members update regularly.	The request is made to a PARIS21 contact by development partners (through a questionnaire, which includes some guidance).
<b>Type of statistical activity included</b>	CRS has a code for SCB in national statistical offices and any other government ministry. Statistical components of broader sector projects/programmes are usually NOT separately identified.	Assistance to all statistical activities in a country (stand-alone operations or statistical components of larger projects/programs) is included.
<b>Type of partner</b>	The OECD DAC member states and some international institutions	The OECD DAC member states and some international institutions, sub-regional organizations, African economics/statistics training centres, and PARIS21.
<b>Type of data</b>	New financial commitments and disbursements	Financial commitments, covering life of project/program

**Creditor Reporting System (CRS) Aid Flows, 2001-04  
(US\$)**

Donor	Amount (USD)	Number Beneficiary Countries	Number Regional Organizations
Australia	0	0	0
Austria	248 480	0	1
Belgium	33 640	1	0
Canada	1 212 670	1	0
Denmark	10 271 370	1	0
EC	152 674 480		0
Finland	124 240	0	1
France	3 743 680	4	0
Germany	186 380	2	0
Greece	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0
Italy	4 363 120	2	0
Japan	5 849 110	17	0
Luxembourg	0	0	0
Netherlands	2 373 380	1	1
New Zealand	0	0	0
Norway	16 703 700	5	0
Portugal	1 204 420	5	1
Spain	0	0	0
Sweden	10 507 100	1	0
Switzerland	417 520	0	0
United Kingdom	33 817 490	6	1
United States	2 201 000	2	3
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>245 931 780</b>		

**Support to Statistical Capacity Building – Light Reporting Mechanism  
List of Development Partners and Reporting Status**

<b>Development Partner</b>	<b>Reporting Status</b>	<b>Development Partner</b>	<b>Reporting Status</b>
<b>Bilateral</b>		<b>Multilaterals</b>	
Australia	Submitted	EC	Submitted
Austria	No activities	IMF	Submitted
Belgium	No activities	PARIS21	Submitted
Canada	Submitted	UNAIDS	Submitted
Denmark	Submitted	UNCTAD	Submitted
Finland	No activities	UNDP	Partial
France	Submitted	UNEP	Not submitted
Germany	Submitted	UNESCO	Submitted
Ireland	No activities	UN FAO	Submitted
Italy	Submitted	UNFPA	Partial
Japan	Submitted	UNHabitat	Partial
Luxembourg	Submitted	UNICEF	Submitted
Netherlands	Submitted	UN ILO	Submitted
Norway	Submitted	UNSD	Submitted
Portugal	Submitted	UN WHO	No activities; general info
Spain	No activities		
Sweden	Submitted	WHO HMN	No activities
Switzerland	Submitted	World Bank	Submitted
UK	Submitted		
USA	Submitted		
<b>Regional organizations</b>		<b>Sub-regional organizations</b>	
African Development Bank	Submitted	AFRISTAT	Submitted
UNECA	Submitted	BEAC	No activities
ACBF	Submitted	BCEAO	No activities
		CEMAC	Submitted
		COMESA	Submitted
		CPLP	No activities
		EAC	Submitted
		ECOWAS	Submitted
		LAS	No activities
		UEMOA	Submitted
		SADC	Not submitted
<b>Statistical Institutes</b>		<b>Foundation</b>	
ENEA	Submitted	Gates Foundation	No activities
ISSEA	Not submitted		
EASTC	Submitted		
ENSEA	Submitted		

**Support to Statistical Capacity Building****Light Reporting Mechanism – Questionnaire**

The light reporting mechanism requests the completion of the attached information sheets, which may be supplemented or replaced by your own documents or reports from which the information can be extracted:

- general information – brief description of principal areas of statistical capacity building (SCB), total financing committed and disbursed for SCB in Africa during 2004-05, number of professionals involved in SCB in the organization, key partners in SCB, general problems encountered, and details of the contact person in the partner institution.
- the Project/Program Information Sheet – one sheet for each project/program. Please complete a sheet only for projects/programs that were ongoing during 2004–05.
- an explanatory note to the Project/Program Information Sheet, to clarify the following items: (i) statistical areas; (ii) amount of financing; (iii) type of assistance, (iv) type of financing; (v) other technical/financial donors involved; (vi) main results achieved; (vii) documentation; and (viii) follow-up project.

**Support to Statistical Capacity Building (SCB) in Africa**  
**General Information Sheet**

1. **Partner's Name:** (pre-filled) \_\_\_\_\_
2. **Brief description of principal areas of concern in statistical capacity building**
3. **Estimated total financing for SCB in Africa in 2004-05:**  

(a) commitments	(b) disbursements
-----------------	-------------------
4. **Number of professionals involved in the design and implementation of SCB activities in your organization**
5. **Your key regional and country partners in SCB**
6. **General problems encountered (e.g., donor collaboration, availability of experts, etc.)**
7. **Contact person (person responsible for completing this information sheet)**  

Name:	
Position:	
Address:	
Tel.:	
Fax:	
Email:	
7. **Date sheet was completed:**

**Project/Program Supporting SCB  
Information Sheet**

**Partner's Name**

**1. Beneficiary Country or region:**

**2. Project/Program Name:**

**3. Beneficiary Institution:**

**4. Statistical areas (check applicable area(s))**

- **General support**

- Institutional development of regional or national statistical systems
  - Legal framework ☐
  - Organizational structure ☐
  - Physical infrastructure ☐
  - Other (specify)

- **Production of statistics**

- Censuses
  - housing and population ☐
  - agriculture ☐
  - other (specify)
- Household surveys
  - income/expenditure surveys ☐
  - demographic, health surveys ☐
  - MICs ☐
  - Living Standards Measurement Survey (LSMS) ☐
  - Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire (CWIQ) ☐
  - labor force surveys ☐
  - agricultural surveys ☐
  - other (specify)
- Other surveys
  - establishment survey ☐
  - Other (specify)
- Administrative data system (from administrative sources)
  - ☐
- Economic statistics
  - national accounts ☐
  - price indices ☐
  - employment ☐
  - balance of payments accounts ☐
  - trade statistics ☐
  - government accounts ☐

- monetary ☐
  - debt ☐
  - other (specify)
- Social/ sector data
  - education statistics ☐
  - health statistics ☐
  - environment ☐
  - other (specify)
- **Statistical Standards and methodologies** (specify)
- **Training**
  - Formal (statistical schools) ☐
  - Workshops/seminars on specific issues ☐
  - On-the-job training (e.g., study abroad) ☐
- **Analysis:** analysis of statistical results ☐
- **Dissemination** ☐

**5. Project main objectives (including SCB component of broader projects)**

**6. Amount of financing to SCB (*state currency*)**

- a. Amount committed
- b. Amount disbursed so far
- c. Amount disbursed in latest year  
(*please indicate fiscal or calendar*)
- d. If amount of financing to SCB is not quantifiable, give approximate percentage of project cost

**7. Type of assistance**

- Technical (TA and training) ☐
- Financial ☐

**8. Type of financing**

- Loan/credit ☐
- Grant ☐



Direct financing  
Other (specify)

☐

**9. Start and end date/year**

**10. Other technical/financial donors involved**

**11. Main results** (if not available, percentage of results achieved or percentage of financing disbursed)

**12. Documentation** (include how to access)

**13. Follow-up project/program** (indicate likelihood on drop-down list below)

*Drop-down list: Select from this list...*

**14. Institutional contact** (name and Email of person responsible for implementation of given activity)

**Technical and Financial Support to Statistical Capacity Building (SCB)****Explanatory Note on Completing the Project/Program Information Sheets****Background**

For the light reporting system, statistical capacity building (SCB) is defined as support for agencies or organizations involved in the collection, compilation, processing, and dissemination of official statistics. This light reporting focuses on support to SCB by technical and financial donors at the country or regional level as follows:

- support to SCB through specific funding instruments (e.g., STATCAP)
- through other investment projects (or component of a project)
- through stand-alone technical assistance and/or training, for instance as part of regional programs

For this exercise, support for monitoring and evaluation (M&E) systems is not regarded as support to SCB, if the above definition does not apply (see also “type of assistance” below). M&E systems are generally seen as a project management tool. Similarly, the use of data for analytical purposes by a donor organization is not considered as SCB, if the analysis is for internal use.

This note provides an explanation of the information requested on the “Project/Program Information Sheet”, namely (i) statistical areas; (ii) amount of financing; (iii) type of assistance; (iv) type of financing; (v) other technical/financial donors involved; (vi) main results achieved; (vii) documentation; and (viii) follow-up project/program.

**Statistical Areas** (#4 above – Information Sheet)

For the light reporting mechanism, donor support to SCB at the country or regional level falls in the following areas (indicate the statistical area(s) supported in each project/program):

- **General support**
- **Production of statistics**
- **Statistical standards and methodologies**
- **Training**
- **Analysis**
- **Dissemination**

**Amount of financing** (#6 above – Information Sheet)

If the amount of financing to support statistical capacity building is not easily quantifiable (e.g., the support is part of a project/program component whose costs are not available in detail), an estimate of the share of financing, in percentage terms, can be provided.

**Type of assistance** (#7 above – Information Sheet)

The forms of donor support to SCB include:

- **Technical assistance and training:** provision of advice and technical assistance including provision of short and long-term personnel, consultants and training for e.g. improvement in methodologies (e.g., sampling methods, questionnaire elaboration, base year, etc); data processing and tabulation; data analysis (assistance in analysis of results); dissemination and use of statistics
- **Financial assistance:** including direct budgetary support through government budgets and payment of operating costs for specific statistical activities, (e.g., remuneration of surveyors, petrol expenditures, equipment (computers, photocopiers, vehicles), publication and distribution costs

**Type of financing** (#8 above – Information Sheet)

Indicate the type of donor financing, namely:

- **Loan/credit:** financing that is reimbursable over time to partner
- **Grant:** financing that is not reimbursable
- **Direct financing:** financing provided either (a) by the donor country itself or (b) by a direct credit from the supplier or the country of the supplier
- **Other:** combination of above financing instruments (in this case, indicate amount or percentage of each type of financing)

**Other technical/financial donors involved** (#10 above – Information Sheet)

Indicate other technical and financial donors involved in the project/program, whose support is in addition to your organization's contribution

**Main results achieved** (#11 above – Information Sheet)

Provide any results already achieved by the project/program. If this is not possible, then a percentage estimate of results achieved and/or financing disbursed can be provided.

**Documentation** (#12 above – Information Sheet)

List any documents relevant to the project/program. It would be most useful to provide information on how to access these documents (such as websites).

**Follow-up project** (#13 above – Information Sheet)

If possible, indicate – in the drop-down menu provided – the likelihood of your organization supporting a follow

**Support to Statistical Capacity Building – Light Reporting Mechanism  
Visits, by Partner**

<b>Technical/Financial Partner</b>	<b>Person contacted</b>	<b>Mission Dates</b>
IMF	Alfredo Leone Wipada Soonthornsima Robin Kibuka Claudia Mariel	Sept. 14-15
EC/Eurostat	Gilles Hervio Virginia Braunstein James Whitworth Jurgen Heimann	Sept. 29-30
UNDP	Jacques Loup, ex-Director	Oct 12 (in Paris)
UNICEF	Nicolas Pron	Oct. 14 (in Paris)
World Bank	Misha Belkindas Naoko Watanabe	Sept. 6-10
Denmark	<i>Statistics Denmark</i> Bent Thage, Director Lars Erik Gewalli Henrik Bulow-Hansen Anja Lokka Still	Oct. 3
Germany	<i>BMZ</i> Annika Wandscher <i>GTZ</i> Henning Twesten	Oct. 10-12
Norway	<i>NORAD</i> Halvard Lesteberg Hege Fisknes <i>Statistics Norway</i> Bjorn Wold	Oct. 6-7
Sweden	<i>SIDA</i> Lennart Nordstrom <i>Statistics Sweden</i> Lena Astrom Christina von Bahr Ronnie Andersson	Oct. 5
UK	<i>Poverty Analysis &amp; MDG Monitoring (PAM)</i> Rachael Beaven/Emily George Christine MacKintosh Rachael Beaven	August/Sept  Oct. 19 (in Paris)
USA	William McCormick, USAID Jacob Adetunji, USAID, DHS Elizabeth Taylor, BLS Diana Lopez-Meisel, CB Jay Keller, CB	Sept. 6 Sept 22 Sept. (phone calls) Sept-Oct (phone calls) Nov. 1 (phone calls)
African Development Bank	Michel Mouyelo-Katoula	Sept. 21-22 (in Washington)
AFRISTAT	Birimpo Lompo	Sept. 21 (in Paris); Oct. 26-28

**REVIEW OF SUPPORT TO STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING  
IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA**

**FROM REPORTING TO COLLABORATION**

**Comments Received on the Draft Synthesis Report  
on the Light Reporting Exercise (Volume I)  
as of January 2006**

**January 2006**

### Comments Received on Synthesis Report on the Light Reporting Exercise as of January 31, 2006

The document, "Review of Support to Statistical Capacity Building in Sub-Saharan Africa: From Reporting to Collaboration", was distributed for comments on January 20, 2006 to all 56 development partners who were contacted for information in September 2005. As of January 31, 2006, 16 partners sent comments.

Comments referring to Volume II of the Review are presented in a table, following the Introductory Note of Volume II. Due to printing constraints, additions/corrections to the tables in Volume II will be incorporated in the next draft of the report.

This Note refers to comments on Volume I of the report, which are presented in the table below. Most partners mentioned the usefulness of the exercise, both as a baseline for understanding who does what and where in SCB and as a "first step towards providing a vital tool for monitoring SCB efforts". Comments which could be easily incorporated in the report have been taken into account. It should be highlighted that Table 3 of Volume I has been revised to reflect the over-estimation of statistical elements of the EC's broader programmes. In light of this, the EC's support to SCB has been halved from US\$134 million to US\$67 million.

Concern was expressed about the aggregation and comparison of financing amounts provided by different partners. Most partners reported *the total commitment value of their current inventory of projects/programmes, which were either new or ongoing in 2004-05*. However, to address the mentioned concern, aggregate figures are not shown and a footnote has been added to tables 1 and 3 to reflect this. Further work will be carried out following the FASDEV meeting to address comparability between respondents and double-counting, for instance of funding channeled by bilateral partners through international and sub-regional organizations.

Due to time constraints, a number of comments will be addressed in the next draft of the report, namely:

- Explanation and differentiation of bilateral and multilateral partners' SCB support, in terms of nature of the work and flow of funds;
- Distinction between grant and loan;
- Presentation of annual estimates of partners' support

The following comments, referring mainly to the future of the Light Reporting Mechanism require discussion and agreement among development partners:

- the clarification of the definition of statistical capacity building, in terms of the nature of statistical activity and the source of funding support (e.g., treatment of countries' own funding vs. borrowing);
- agreement on information to be collected;
- provision of "ball-park" figures of approximate annual budget attributed to SCB; simplification of financing amounts by providing "indications of size instead of exact amounts";
- link LRE information to existing initiatives, such as International Household Survey Network and the World Bank's statistical capacity building indicators.

**Comments Received on Synthesis Report on the Light Reporting Exercise <sup>1</sup>**  
**As of January 31 2006**

No.	Development Partner	Received Questionnaire	Submitted Questionnaire	Comments
1	Canada	X	X	Will comment after review of document.
2	Japan	X	X	Impressive work.
3	Netherlands	X	X	Interesting data, despite flaws cited. In Way Forward include: (i) frequency and geo coverage of future LRE; and (ii) monitoring use of data -- done
4	Norway	X	X	Impressive and important work. Small change in section on Norway -- done.
5	Sweden	X	X	Comprehensive and useful report. Results form very useful background material for those working in SCB. Report provides understanding of who does what and where. LRE highlights problem of data collection. For future, important to agree on information to be collected. Questions about amounts committed and disbursed could be simplified by allowing indications of size instead of exact amounts.
6	UK	X	X	Interesting report. The exercise is worthwhile and could be more so, if linked to existing initiatives, such as IHSN and WB's SCB indicators. Useful to consider how this could be developed in future.
7	US	X	No	Clarification that US statistical agencies that provide TA in statistics do so for most part on a reimbursable basis -- incorporated. Too many acronyms
8	EC	X	X	Excellent initiative and good first step towards providing vital tool for monitoring SCB efforts. Over-estimation of statistical elements of broader programmes has been corrected in Volume I. Suggest that in future, instead of precise cost figures, a "ball-park" figure for the approximate budget attributed on an annual basis be provided.
9	World Bank	X	X	Extremely useful and important initiative and should be put to good use. Definition of SCB: (i) clarify nature of statistical activity; (ii) source of support of funding (treatment of countries' own funding vs. borrowing). Avoid double counting: e.g. grants of international organizations coming from bilateral donors should be excluded from bilateral donor support. Include a section explaining and differentiating between bilateral and multilateral donors' SCB support, in terms of nature of the work

<sup>1</sup> The comments presented here exclude those related to additions/corrections of a partner's data on support to SCB. These changes are presented in a Note in Volume II, following the Introductory Note.

No.	Development Partner	Received Questionnaire	Submitted Questionnaire	Comments
				and flow of funds. Section on WB support should distinguish between grant and loan; include few activities, such as CWIQ and LSMS, that are Bank's support to SCB. Exclude any aggregations or comparisons. Present annual estimates of partners' support. State that financing figures cannot and should not be aggregated until figures are rendered comparable. Mention intended audience, including national planners.
10	IMF	X	X	Very useful report. Emphasize in "Way Forward" how beneficiary countries and development partners can use this information to supplement GDDS. Info should be used to plan and coordinate TA. Regular updates of countries' metadata and plans for improvement will keep all development partners informed about improvements and future needs in statistical capacity.
11	ILO	X	X	Need to check if ILO-ACBF and ACBF AFRISTAT programs on Labour Market Information Systems in Cameroon, Mali, Nigeria, Uganda and Zambia are same program. If so, reduce each country by US\$300,000. Report sent to ILO units for comment.
12	WHO	X	X	Definition of SCB (includes epidemiology and demography, training and TA in capacity building). Measurement and Health Information Systems is responsible for data quality across all WHO programmes and supports M&E capacity. Its total annual budget is US\$5 million, with only a part for direct SCB support. Budget and work planning does not permit disaggregation and quantification of SCB component. Much of SCB work is done by country and regional offices (including AFRO office in Brazzaville). Found LRE cumbersome.
13	ECOWAS	X	X	Very useful work. Will review Volume II
14	EAC	X	X	Excellent findings. Discuss proposals during FASDEV meeting.
15	EASTC	X	X	Clarification on financing required and financing secured. No changes have been made.
16	CPLP	X	No activities	No comments



**REVIEW OF SUPPORT TO STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING  
IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA**

**FROM REPORTING TO COLLABORATION**

**Detailed Preliminary Results of the Light Reporting Exercise  
as of January 2006**

**VOLUME II**

**Draft**



January 2006

## Table of Contents

Legend of Statistical Activities .....	4
Introductory Note .....	5
Table I: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Beneficiary Country .....	9
Table II: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Development Partner .....	33
Table III: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Major Statistical Activity .....	59
Table IV: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Key Financing Sources .....	63
Table V: General Information on Development Partners .....	67

## Legend of Statistical Activities

ID	Institutional Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• legal framework</li> <li>• organisational structure</li> <li>• physical infrastructure</li> </ul>
GDSS	General Data Dissemination System
PC	Housing and Population Census
AC	Agriculture Census
AIS	AIDS Indicator Survey
IES	Income/Expenditure Survey
DHS	Demographic and Health Survey
MICS	Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey
LSMS	Living Standards Measurement Study
CWIQ	Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire
LFS	Labour Force Survey
AS	Agricultural Survey
ES	Establishment Survey
ADM	Administrative Data System
NA	National Accounts
PI	Price Indices
EMP	Employment
BOP	Balance of Payments
TS	Trade Statistics
GFS	Government Accounts
MS	Monetary Statistics
DS	Debt Statistics
REAL	Productive Sectors
SS	Social sector data
SSM	Statistical Standards and Methodologies
TRG	Training and Technical Assistance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• formal (statistical schools)</li> <li>• workshops/seminars on specific issues</li> <li>• on-the-job training (e.g., study abroad)</li> </ul>
ANLY	Analysis
DIS	Dissemination

## Introductory Note

Volume II of the “Review of Support to Statistical Capacity Building in Sub-Saharan Africa: From Reporting to Collaboration” presents the detailed preliminary results of the light reporting exercise as of January 2006. It contains five tables, showing the results by beneficiary country, by development partner, by major statistical activity, and by key financing sources, and providing general information on development partners who responded to the questionnaire. It should be noted that Table V reflects only responses to the questionnaire of the light reporting exercise, and that it will be complemented by a Directory of Development Partners that is under preparation. The Directory, providing summary information on each partner’s objectives, areas of intervention, and institutional structure and contacts, is expected to be distributed in April 2006, following review by partners.

When interpreting the attached results of the light reporting exercise, the constraints and limitations enumerated in Volume I should be kept in mind, namely:

- SCB support could be lower for 2004-05 than what is presented in the tables, since for partners with long-term projects/programs (representing a large percentage of total financing support), the amount provided represents total commitments to the operation, which normally cover a longer period than 2004-05. This exercise reports on commitments rather than disbursements because disbursement information is often less readily available and more difficult to compare, given the different “fiscal years” used by partners;
- possibility of double-counting, especially for activities financed and implemented by different organizations. Cross-referencing efforts were taken to minimize this problem, but further verification with both financial partners and intermediaries would be necessary;
- the information provided represents planned activities at the approval stage, not necessarily actual activities implemented;
- for projects/programs that cover a group of countries, a simple arithmetic average was used to calculate the amount of financing per country (this does not apply to the ICP of the African Development Bank, for which amounts are country-specific).

In addition, the following points should also be taken into account:

- UNICEF data does not include the financial support to MICS;
- U.S. data is derived from (i) the DHS website and (ii) biannual reports of the Office of Management and Budget on Statistical Activities of the US Government;
- for World Bank and EC projects, which included components of SCB, but whose amounts were not specified, an estimate of 3% of total project cost was assumed;
- the technical assistance of the IMF, reported as person-years, was converted into financial terms by using the average annual cost for short-term and long-term experts (as provided by the IMF) for each year;
- France’s assistance to the 3 statistical training centres (ENSEA, ENEA, and ISSEA) is composed of: (i) general support (equally divided); (ii) scholarships (calculated for each centre based on its percentages share of students); and (iii) technical assistant for ENSEA and ENEA (equally divided);
- for ACBF’s projects in Cameroon (CAMERCAP) and Gabon, the statistical component was estimated as one-half of total financing;
- all non-U.S. dollar amounts were converted into U.S. dollars by using an average annual exchange rate (International Financial Statistics of the IMF) for the two-year period 2004-05;
- gaps in Table 5 reflect non-submission of the general information sheet.

**Comments Received on Volume II  
as of January 30, 2006**

The PARIS21 Secretariat received comments from a number of development partners on the draft version of the report, but due to time constraints on the printing of the report, these comments were not incorporated in Volume II. The following additions/corrections will be taken into account in the next version of the report:

<b>Development Partner</b>	<b>Addition/Correction</b>
Netherlands	<b>Add:</b> Sudan – Support to National Census, US\$226,010
Norway	<b>Correct:</b> Mozambique – period May 02-Dec 07
Norway	<b>Correct:</b> Malawi – period 2004-07
Sweden	<b>Correct:</b> Cape Verde – Development of Agricultural Statistics: Nov 03-Dec 05
ILO	<b>Add:</b> South Africa – Technical Advice on Labor Force Survey Re-design; US\$5,000; 2005
UNICEF	<b>Correct:</b> Sub-Saharan Africa (29 countries) – Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey; Jan 04-Dec 06
EC	<b>Correct:</b> COMESA – Regional Integration Support Program, SCB module; US\$4.9 million (est.)
EC	<b>Correct:</b> CEMAC – Program to Support Regional Integration in Central Africa, SCB actions; US\$1.2 million (est.)
EC	<b>Correct:</b> UEMOA – Regional Support Program of UEMOA Integration, SCB actions; US\$8.0 million (est.)
EC	<b>Add:</b> ECOWAS – Support for Regional Integration, West Africa, SCB actions; ID; US\$4.9 million (est.); 2006-13
EC	<b>Correct:</b> Anglophone countries -- East Africa Regional Statistical Training Strategy Project; Oct 00-05
EC	<b>Correct:</b> World – Hi-Level Statistical Training: COMSTAT Bridging Operation; Apr 99-04
IMF	<b>Add:</b> Benin – TA on BOP; Nov 04
IMF	<b>Add:</b> Comoros – TA on BOP; Mar 05
IMF	<b>Add:</b> Rwanda – TA on BOP; Jul 05
IMF	<b>Add:</b> Burundi – TA on BOP; Dec 05
IMF	<b>Add:</b> Sudan – Assessment/evaluation mission; May 05
EAC	<b>Correct:</b> Kenya – Establishment of EAC Statistics; US\$356,667; Sept 04-Dec 06
EAC	<b>Correct:</b> Tanzania – Establishment of EAC Statistics; US\$356,667; Sept 04-Dec 06
EAC	<b>Correct:</b> Uganda – Establishment of EAC Statistics; US\$356,667; Sept 04-Dec 06
EASTC	<b>Correct:</b> Anglophone countries – EASTC Institutional Support; clarify financing required vs. financing secured

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
2. BOTSWANA					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	6,080	Grant	2004-05
IMF	GDDS Project	NA, MS, GDDS	120,588	Grant	Aug 03-Nov 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	132,189	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	258,857		
3. BURKINA FASO					
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ADM, SS	2,485	Grant	May 04
ILO	Survey and Development of database on child labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
Canada	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Germany	Advisory Services to Min. Economics and Development and MinFin	IES, AS, SS, TRG, ANLY	924,100	Grant	June 97-Dec 05
World Bank	Development of National Statistical System	ID, PC, IES, DHS, LFS, ADM, NA, PI, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	10,000,000	Credit	Mar 04-Jul 09
World Bank	Statistical Master Plan	ID	50,000	Grant	May 03-Feb 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	412,784	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	12,233,615		
5. BURUNDI					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	4,980	Grant	2004-05
IMF	GDDS Project	GDDS	60,489	Grant	Nov-Dec 04
World Bank	Economic Management Support Project	NA, GFS, MS, TRG, ANLY, DIS, DS	780,000 *	Credit	Jul 04-Jul 09
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	275,194	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,120,663		
6. CAMEROON					
ILO	ACBF-ILO	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics System	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Oct 04
France	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
ACBF	Capacity Building of Economic and Financial Management Project (CAMERCAP)	ID	854,425	Grant	Jan 03-Jan 06
ACBF	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
IMF	Real Sector and National Accounts	REAL, NA	23,863	Grant	Sept 03-Dec 04
World Bank	Public/Private Partnership, Growth and Poverty Reduction Project	HH, LSMS	627,000 *	Credit	May 00-Dec 04
World Bank	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	333,122	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	2,754,835		
TOTAL					
Portugal	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sweden	Development of Agricultural Statistics (census)	AC	706,819	Grant	Nov 03-Dec 05
Italy	Strengthening of Statistical System of Min Ag, Creation of Permanent System of Agricultural Statistics	ID, ADM, NA, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,224,262	Grant	Nov 02-Nov 06
EC	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
IMF	GDDS Project	BOP, GFS	43,306	Grant	Jan-Mar 04
World Bank	Statistical Master Plan	ID	50,000	Grant	Feb-Dec 05

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	2,977,886		
8. CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-May 05
IMF	Government Finance Statistics	GFS	33,879	Grant	Jan-Feb 04
World Bank	Strengthening National Statistical System	ID, GFS, TRG	180,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
World Bank	Policy Support Project	ID, TRG	240,000 *	Credit	May 00-Aug-04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	238,986	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	692,865		
9. CHAD					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Census	AC		Grant	2005??
France	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	
World Bank	Strengthening Institutional Statistical Capacities	ID, NA, BOP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	140,000	Grant	Nov 00-Jun 04
World Bank	Management of Petroleum Economy Project	IES	525,000 *	Credit	Jan 00-Jun 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	311,403	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,222,829		
10. CONGO REPUBLIC					
ACBF	Statistical Capacity Building, Prospective Studies and Planning for Fight against Poverty (RESPEC)	ID	1,517,510	Grant	Jan 04-Jan 07
IMF	TA in Real Sector Statistics	TA, TRG	77,025	Grant	Sept 04-Oct 05
IMF	Multisector Statistics	TA	227,506	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
World Bank	Strengthening Institutional and Technical Capacity of National Statistical Organization	ID, NA, MS, TRG	150,000	Grant	Feb 03-Jun 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	289,669	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	2,261,710		
11. DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Dec 04
IMF	TA in Real Sector Statistics	TA, TRG	77,025	Grant	Sept 04-Apr 05

Table I



Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS	221,003	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
World Bank	HIV/AIDS and Health (MAP)	SS, DHS	570,000 *	Credit	Apr 04-Jun 09
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	477,971	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,345,999		
<b>12. COMOROS</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Mar 05
UNICEF	DEVInfo	ID, DIS	1,840	Grant	2004-05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	103,221		
<b>13. COTE D'IVOIRE</b>					
ILO	Survey and Development of Database on Child Labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
Canada	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
USA	Emergency Plan, 2005	AIS		Grant	Apr 04-Aug 05
World Bank	Building Local Capacity for Impact Evaluation	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	230,000	Grant	Jan 03-Jun 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	391,065	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
ENSEA	Statistical Capacity Building	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,872,708	Grant/ direct financing	2004-05
		Sub-total	3,338,019		
<b>14. DEBOLUHI</b>					
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	101,381		
<b>15. EQUATORIALE GUINEE</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
World Bank	Strengthening National Statistical System	ID, ES, NA, TRG	290,000	Grant	Jan 02-Oct 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	398,858		
<b>16. ERITREA</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	14,229	Grant	2004-05

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Canada	Census Advisory	PC, TRG	1,421,153	Grant	Dec 97-Mar 04
Japan	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
Norway	Economic Statistics & National Accounts	ID, AS, ADM, NA, PI, EMP, TS, GFS, TRG, DIS	4,699,800	Grant	2003-08
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	18,265	Grant	Nov 02-Nov 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	224,496	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	6,389,743		
<b>17. ETHIOPIA</b>					
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	ADM, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
UK	Support to Agricultural Census	AC, TA	821,835	Grant	Aug 01-Mar 06
USA	Census and Survey Processing System	TRG		Grant	2004-05
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS, GDDS	113,751	Grant	Aug 03-Feb 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	637,281	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,572,867		
<b>18. GABON</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Jun 05
France	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
ACBF	Capacity Building of Economic and Financial Management Project (PRECAGEF)	ID	1,152,258	Grant	Jan 02-Jan 05
World Bank	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	124,407	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,152,258		
<b>19. GAMBIA</b>					
IMF	Multisector Statistics	MS, REAL	25,041	Grant	Apr-Aug 03
World Bank	Capacity Building for Economic Management Project	ID, IES, DHS, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, GFS, MS, SS, TRG	3,200,000	Credit	Jul 01-Dec 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	152,079	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	3,377,120		

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
2010 GUINEA					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	29,853	Grant	2004-05
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2004-06
Germany	Economic Planning and Public Administration	ID, TRG		Grant	
UK	PRS Poverty Monitoring System	TA, TRG	7,305,200	Grant	July 02-Dec 05
IMF	GDDS Project	NA, MS, GDDS	140,209	Grant	May 03-May 04
World Bank	Support to Development of Statistical Service Corporate Plan	ID	170,000	Grant	Jun 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	7,942,176		
2010 GUINEA-BISSAU					
Portugal	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	National Accounts	ID, NA, TRG, ANLY	24,184	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	224,496	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
EC	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,086,780		

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
23. COUNTRIES					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	18,374	Grant	2004-05
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring of Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2004-05
Germany	Assistance to the Poverty Reduction Strategy	TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,724,988	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 07
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb 05-Jun 05 (fieldwork)
IMF	TA in Real Sector Statistics	REAL, TA	155,213	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 05
World Bank	Implementation of M&E Tools	ANLY, DIS	23,603	Grant	Jun 04-Jul 04
World Bank	Statistical Master Plan	ID	119,000	Grant	Nov 05-Nov 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	2,338,092		
23. REGIONAL					
FAO	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Jun 05
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	59,910	Grant	2004-05
Japan	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
UK	Assistance to 1999 Population Census	PC, TRG	3,908,282	Grant	Mar 99-Mar 05
UK	Capacity Development in National Statistics System	TA, TRG	273,945	Grant	Nov 01-Oct 04
UK	Statistical Capacity Building to Central Bureau of Statistics	TA	913,150	Grant	May 04-May 09
USA	SPA, 2004	DHS		Grant	May 04-Jun 05 (fieldwork)
USA	Work-study to 1 member of CBS on data analysis and evaluation, by sex	TRG		Grant	2004
IMF	National Accounts and Government Finance	NA, GDDS, GFS	153,464	Grant	Jun 03-May 04
World Bank	Development of a Statistical Master Plan	ID	40,000	Grant	Jul-Sept 03
World Bank	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	TRG	200,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	383,820	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
EAC	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE, II	NA, PI, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
		Sub-total	7,176,505		

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
24. LESOTHO					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	1,840	Grant	2004-05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Nov 03-Jul 04 (fieldwork)
EC	Assistance to the Bureau of Statistics	ID	740,512	Grant	Jan 98-??
IMF	Balance of Payments	GDDS	2,482	Grant	Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	152,079	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	896,913		
25. LIBERIA					
IMF	Technical Assistance	BOP, MS	27,298	Grant	Dec 03-Aug 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	238,986	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	266,284		
26. MALAWI					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	9,688	Grant	2004-05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003-04	DHS		Grant	Nov 03-Mar 04 (fieldwork)
EC	Global Program for Rehabilitation of Statistical System	ID	1,503,204	Grant	Dec 98-??
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	55,679	Grant	Feb-Mar 04
World Bank	Public/Private Partnership, and Information Management for Regional Development Project	ID	138,000 *	Credit	Mar 00-Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	448,993	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	2,155,564		
27. MALAWI					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Census	AC		Grant	2005-??
UNICEF	Web Pilot, DevInfo	ID	160,000	Grant	2004-05
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	56,219	Grant	2004-05
Australia	Scholarship for Master of Economic Development and Planning	TRG		Grant	2004
Germany	Advisory Support to Min Plan	TRG, ANLY, DIS	123,213	Grant	Jan 04-Jun 10
Norway	Institutional Cooperation between MinFin, Min Plan, NSO and Stat Norway	LSMS, CWIQ, NA, PI, TS, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,554,224	Grant	2004-07

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
UK	Preparatory Support to Agricultural Statistics and Food Security Information Systems	AC	1,004,465	Grant	Oct 03-Feb 05
UK	Support to National Statistical Office	ID	3,196,025	Grant	Sept 98-Mar 05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Sept 04-Jul 05 (fieldwork)
ACBF	Strengthening the Statistical System	ID	1,200,000	Grant	Dec 05-Jan 09
IMF	Multisector Statistics	BOP, NA, MS, GFS	61,846	Grant	Aug 03-Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>9,710,848</b>		
<b>25. MAURITANIA</b>					
FAO	Support to Program on Strengthening Information Systems and Rural Statistics in Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
ILO	Survey and Development of database on child labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
ILO	ACBF-ILO - Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Canada	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Germany	Advisory Support to Ministry of Economics and Finance	NA, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,015,278	Grant	Sept 01-Aug 09
ACBF	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
EC	Support to Planning and Statistical Unit	ID	985,707	Grant	Jun 98-??
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	40,949	Grant	Apr 03-May 04
World Bank	Grassroots Initiatives to Fight Hunger and Poverty Project	PC, IES	1,500,000	Credit	Apr 98-Oct 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	427,274	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>5,413,454</b>		
<b>26. MAURITANIA</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Sept 04
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring of Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	
France	Technical Assistance	TA	492,854	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Japan	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
Germany	Implementation of the HIPC PRS	NA, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	455,890	Grant	Dec 03-Aug 05
IMF	TA in Real Sector Statistics	REAL, TA	155,213	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 05

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
World Bank	Statistical Master Plan	ID	105,930	Grant	Sept 05-Sept 06
World Bank	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	260,705	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,549,192		
30. VIETNAM					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Feb 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	108,858		
31. MOZAMBIQUE					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	2005-??
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	17,425	Grant	2004-05
Portugal	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Italy	Support Project for Development of National Statistical System	ID, LFS, ADM, NA, EMP, TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,289,798	Grant	Mar 04-Feb 06
Germany	Economic Planning and Public Administration	ID, TRG		Grant	
Denmark	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Norway	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWIQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05
Sweden	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWIQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05
USA	Census of Housing and Population, 2007	PC, TRG		Grant	2005-ongoing
USA	National Labor Force Survey	TRG, LFS		Grant	2004
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003	DHS		Grant	Jul 03-Sept 04 (fieldwork)
EC	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, BOP, MS	53,028	Grant	Apr 03-Sept 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	369,331	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>18,291,700</b>		
<b>32. NIGERIA</b>					
Sweden	Population and Housing Census, 2001	PC	1,939,705	Grant	Jun 01-Dec 04
Sweden	National Household Income and Expenditure Survey	IES	1,530,991	Grant	Jan 03-Aug 06
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS, NA, BOP, GDDS	147,973	Grant	May 03-May 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	233,280	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>3,851,949</b>		
<b>33. NIGER</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Census	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Dec 04
FAO	Support to Agricultural Census and Agricultural Statistics	ID, AC, TRG		Grant	??-Jul 07
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring of Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	ES, ADM	4,490	Grant	Jun-Sept 05
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	ID	2,638	Grant	Aug 04-Sept 05
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	TRG	8,925	Grant	Jul-Aug 05
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Sub-regional observatory on accidents at work and professional diseases	ADM, SS	2,485	Grant	Aug 04
Canada	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06

Table I



Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
EC	Strengthening of Capacity of National Statistical System	ID	2,304,091	Grant	Jan 04-??
World Bank	National Strategy for Statistical Development	ID	240,000	Grant	Nov 05-Nov 07
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	441,763	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>3,701,256</b>		
<b>34. NIGERIA</b>					
ILO	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
UNHabitat	Household Survey on Urban Inequities	HH, ANLY, TRG		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 04
Japan	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
UK	Economic Management Capacity Building Project (EMCAP)	TA, TRG	4,565,750	Grant	Feb 00-Jul 05
UK	Support Population Census, 2005	PC	13,697,250	Grant	Aug 04-Jun 06
ACBF	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, REAL, BOP	49,787	Grant	Jul 03- Feb 05
World Bank	Economic Management and Capacity Building Project	ID, CWIQ, NA, PI, BOP, TS, MS, SS, TRG, DIS	8,510,000	Credit	Nov 00-Jun 06
World Bank	Federal Government Economic Reform and Governance Project	ID, DHS, LSMS, LFS, AS, ES, NA, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	20,000,000	Credit	Dec 04-Feb 11
World Bank	Development of Statistical Strategy and Master Plan	ID	160,000	Grant	Jul 03-Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	499,691	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
ECOWAS	Strengthening Statistical Capacity for data dissemination in ECOWAS Member States	DIS	34,690	Grant	Jun 05-Jan 06
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>48,125,768</b>		
<b>35. RWANDA</b>					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Aug 04
FAO	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Jun 05
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	15,649	Grant	2004-05
Netherlands	Agricultural Statistics Survey	AC, TRG, DIS	1,214,656	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 06
UK	Support to Department of Statistics	ID	310,471	Grant	Jun 01-Mar 05

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
UK	Institutional Development for Establishment of National Statistical Institute	ID	2,447,242	Grant	Apr 03-Dec 06
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb-Aug 05 (fieldwork)
EC	Institutional Support for Economic Management	TS, NA, ID	2,341,055	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
IMF	Multisector Statistics	BOP	101,932	Grant	Jun 03-Feb 04
World Bank	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security	TRG	200,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	347,612	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>6,978,617</b>		
<b>16. SAO/HOME &amp; PRINCIPLE</b>					
Portugal	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Portugal	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
EC	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSN	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
IMF	Balance of Payments	BOP, MS	42,151	Grant	May 03-Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	115,871	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>1,010,140</b>		

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
37. SENEGAL					
FAO	Support to Program on Strengthening Information Systems and Rural Statistics in Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
ILO	Survey and Development of database on child labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
France	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb 05-ongoing
USA	Data processing activities	TRG		Grant	2005
USA	Population Census	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-ongoing
USA	Regional Workshop on Data Analysis with SPSS	TRG		Grant	2004
World Bank	Strengthening Directorate of Forecasting and Statistics	ID, TRG	310,000	Grant	Dec 02-Jun 05
World Bank	Social Development Fund Project	IES	900,000 *	Credit	Dec 00-Dec 04
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,958,664		
38. SIERRA LEONE					
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	108,858		
39. SIERRA LEONE					
USA	Poverty Profile	IES, TRG		Grant	2004
IMF	Multisector/GDDS	DS, MS, REAL, GDDS	80,405	Grant	Aug 04-May 05
World Bank	Development of a Strategic Plan for Statistical System	ID	110,000	Grant	Feb 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	231,741	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	422,146		
40. SWAZILAND					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	40,190	Grant	2004-05
		Sub-total	40,190		
41. SOUTH AFRICA					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	9,187	Grant	2004-05
Sweden	Development of Statistics for Poverty Monitoring	IES, ADM	2,778,715	Grant	Jan 05-Dec 07
Switzerland	Local Government Census	TRG, ANLY	1,156,853	Grant	1998-2005
Canada	Statistics	ID, SS, TRG	950,269	Grant	June 05-Jul 06

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Australia	Statistical Capacity Building	ID		Grant	2004-05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003	DHS		Grant	Nov-Dec 04 (fieldwork); ongoing
World Bank	Development of National Statistical System	ID, TRG	350,000	Grant	??
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	287,709	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	5,532,733		
42. SIERRA LEONE					
UNFPA	Population Census	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	6,135,000	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 08
France	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	282,439	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	6,663,865		
43. SWAZILAND					
USA	Consumer Price Index	PI, TRG		Grant	2004-05
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, REAL, GDDS, PI	88,148	Grant	Jun 03-Feb 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	155,520	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	243,668		
44. TANZANIA					
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, ID, TRG		Grant	??-May 05
UNICEF	Web Pilot, DevInfo	ID	160,000	Grant	2004-05
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	91,093	Grant	2004-05
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for the Monitoring of Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
Japan	Project for Strengthening Capabilities of National Bureau of Statistics in Data Providing Service	ID, PC, AC, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	610,000	Grant	2004-06
Japan	Analysis and Interpretation of Official Statistics	ID, PC, SS, TRG, ANLY	6,820	Grant	2004
Japan	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
Sweden	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC	3,639,307	Grant	Jun 02-Dec 04
EC	Institutional Support to EASTC	TRG	1,028,832	Grant	Feb 94-??
UK	Development of Economic Statistics	NA, TRG	913,150	Grant	Jul 01-ongoing
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Oct 04-Aug 05 (fieldwork); ongoing

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
USA	Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy Project	TRG		Grant	2004
USA	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-05
USA	Preparation of Population Projections	PC, SS, TRG		Grant	2004-05
IMF	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS	22,684	Grant	Aug 03-Feb 05
World Bank	Development of Statistical Master Plan	ID	160,000	Grant	Jun 05-Jul 06
World Bank	Human Resources Development Pilot Project	SS	627,000 *	Credit	Oct 97-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PL, DS, TRG	456,238	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
EAC	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE, II	NA, PL, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
		Sub-total	8,955,858		
45. RWANDA					
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ID	2,638	Grant	Aug 04-Sept 05
ILO	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ES, ADM	4,490	Grant	Oct-Nov 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PL, DS, TRG	210,022	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	217,150		
46. UGANDA					
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	23,259	Grant	2004-05
ILO	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
UNESCO-UIS	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring of Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
Norway	Strengthening of Agricultural and Energy Statistics	AC, TRG, ANLY, DIS	2,761,133	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 06
Denmark	Information Technology Support	ID, TRG	123,213	Grant	2001-05
UK	Assistance to Bureau of Statistics	ID, TRG	5,935,475	Grant	May 00-Nov 05
UK	Strengthening Evidence-Based Policy Making	ID, ANLY, DIS	12,053,580	Grant	Nov 05-Dec 08
UK	Assistance to Population Census, 2002	PC, ANLY, DIS	1,826,300	Grant	Apr 02-Jun 06
USA	AIS, 2004	AIS		Grant	Feb-May 04; ongoing
USA	Population Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004
USA	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-05; ongoing
ACBF	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
World Bank	Strengthening and Linking Quantitative, Qualitative and GIS-based Poverty Monitoring	GFS, SS, TRG, DIS	350,000	Grant	Jan 03-Dec 05

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
World Bank	Second Economic and Financial Management Project – Supp. Credit	ID, ES, TRG, DIS	4,600,000	Credit	Nov 99-Dec 06
World Bank	Development of National Statistical Development Strategy	ID	140,000	Grant	May 05
EAC	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE, II	NA, PI, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>29,999,950</b>		
FAO	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	68,125	Grant	2004-05
ILO	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Japan	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
Canada	Assistance on Population Census, 2000	PC, ID, TRG	1,218,720	Grant	Apr 00-Mar 04
UK	Support to Strengthen PRSP Monitoring Arrangements	TRG	273,945	Grant	Oct 02-Mar 05
ACBF	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
IMF	Monetary Statistics	MS	11,195	Grant	Jun 03-May 05
World Bank	Social Investment Fund Project	LSMS	1,941,000*	Credit	May 00-Dec 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	405,540	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>4,530,325</b>		
UNICEF	DevInfo	ID, DIS	10,265	Grant	2004-05
USA	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005-06	DHS		Grant	Aug 05-Feb 06 (fieldwork); ongoing
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>307,179</b>		

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
49. AFRICANA					
France	Statistical Capacity Building	ID, IES, MICS, LSMS, CWIQ, LFS, AS, ES, ADM, NA, EMP, BOP, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,891,326	Grant and direct financing	Jan 02-Dec 05
World Bank	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	200,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
ECOWAS	ECOWAS Statistics	NA, PI, DIS	248,372	Grant	Nov 04-Apr 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	1,675,426	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	4,015,124		
50. COMESA Member States					
EC	Regional Harmonization of Customs and Trade Statistics	TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS, SSM	16,757,023	Grant	Aug 99-Dec 05
EC	Regional Integration Support Program	SSM, TRG	36,964,021	Grant	Jan 05-Dec 10
EC	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 03-Mar 05
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	1,018,502	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	54,963,963		
51. ECOWAS Member States					
UNSD	Strengthening Statistical Capacity Building in Support of MDGs	ID, SS, TRG	600,000	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
EC	Statistical Development Program (ECOSTAT)	ID, ADM, NA, PI, TRG, ANLY, DIS	2,402,661	Grant	Dec 01-Dec 04
EC	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 03-Mar 05
France	Regional Integration Program in West Africa	ID, ADM, NA, PI, TRG, ANLY, DIS	533,514	Grant	2004-06
UNSD/ECOWAS	Statistical Project	ID, TRG	645,000	Direct financing	2004-06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	736,949	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	5,142,541		

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
52. SADC Member States					
World Bank	Statistical Capacity Building for Poverty Reduction Strategies, Phase I	IES, DHS, TRG, DIS	350,000	Grant	Sep 01-Nov 05
World Bank	Statistical Capacity Building for Poverty Reduction Strategies, Phase II	TRG, ANLY, DIS	390,000	Grant	Dec 04-Jun 06
EC	Regional Statistical Training Project	TRG	5,914,243	Grant	Jan 03-Aug 07
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PL, DS, TRG	924,656	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	7,578,899		
53. EMOA					
EC	Regional Support Program for UEMOA Integration	ID, TRG	29,571,217	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
EC	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 04-Mar 05
		Sub-total	29,795,634		
54. EMOA					
EC	Program of Technical and Institutional Support: preparation stage	ID, SSM, TRG	719,566	Grant	Nov 01-Jul 06
EC	Program to Support Regional Integration in Central Africa	ID	19,714,145	Grant	Jan 05-Jun 10
		Sub-total	20,433,711		
55. ACP					
Canada	Strengthening African Public Service	ID	2,217,295	Grant	Apr 02-Mar 07
		Sub-total	2,217,295		
56. EASPC					
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PL, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	130,665		

Table I



Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
57. BENIN					
France	Training of Economic/Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,093,149	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,223,814		
58. BENIN					
France	Training of Economic and Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,838,344	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,969,009		
59. BENIN					
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	80,635	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	80,635		
60. ISRAEL					
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	130,665		
61. ISRAEL					
France	Training of Economic and Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,060,621	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
AfDB	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04- Dec 07
		Sub-total	1,191,286		
62. ANGILOPHONE COUNTRIES					
UK	GDDS Project	GDDS	5,844,160	Grant	Jun 02-May 06
EC	East Africa Regional Statistical Training Strategy Project	TRG	3,696,402	Grant	Oct 00-??
IMF	GDDS Project	GDDS, TRG, ES, MS, BOP	1,255,653	Grant	May 03-Apr 05
IMF	Statistical Support: AFRITAC East	TA, NA GFS, PI, BOP, MS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	593,914	Grant	Nov 02-Apr 05

Table 1

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
World Bank/DFID	GDDS, Socio-Demographic Statistics Project	ID, SS, TRG, DIS	1,170,000	Grant	??-Dec 05
EASTC	Eastern Africa Statistical Training Centre: Institutional Support	ID, TRG	1,700,000	Direct financing	Jul 05-Jul 08
		Sub-total	14,260,129		
<b>63. DEEP SOUTH AFRICA</b>					
IMF	GDDS Project	GDDS, TRG, NA, GFS, TA	760,213	Grant	May 03-Mar 05
		Sub-total	760,213		
<b>64. BRANCOPHONE COUNTRIES</b>					
UNDP	Program on PRSP Monitoring and MDG Indicators	ID, SSM, TRG	963,050	Direct financing	Apr 03-Mar 06
France	Design, Implementation and Monitoring of PRSP	IES, LSMS, LFS, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	813,208	Grant	Jan 01-Dec 06
France	Methodologies and Tools for Poverty Reduction and Development Strategies	IES, LSMS, LFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	295,712	Grant	Jan 03-Dec 06
IMF	Statistical Support : AFRITAC West	TA	432,738	Grant	Jun 03-Apr 05
IMF	Regional Seminar : BCEAO	MS, TA	33,879	Grant	Jan-Feb 04
IMF	West African Economic/Monetary Union	REAL, GFS	205,057	Grant	Dec 02-Mar 04
IMF	West African Institute Financial and Economic Management	BOP, NA, TRG	14,269	Grant	Jul-Aug 04
World Bank/France	Training: Statistical Approach to Poverty	TRG	50,000	Grant	Jun 05-??
		Sub-total	2,807,913		
<b>65. SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA</b>					
ILO	Technical Support to Labor Statistics	PC, IES, LSMS, CWIQ, LFS, ES, PI, EMP, TRG, DIS		Direct financing	2004-05
UNICEF	Technical Support Capacity on DevInfo	ID	173,911	Grant	2004-05
UNAIDS	HIV/AIDS: Support to M&E	ID, PC, IES, DHS, MICS, NA, GFS, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	5,000,000	Grant/ direct financing	2004-05

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
UNCTAD	Workshops on Compilation of International Merchandise Trade Statistics	TS, TRG		Grant	2004-05
UNSD	Regular Program for Technical Cooperation	PC, NA, TS, TRG	300,000	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
PARIS21	Sub-regional and regional workshops on NSDS	ID, TRG	537,888	Direct financing	Dec 04-Dec 05
PARIS21	Development of NSDS methodology, tools, and methods and training of consultants	ID, TRG	108,903	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
PARIS21	Participation in international donor collaboration efforts	ID	104,502	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
PARIS21	Statistical Advocacy	ID	34,886	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
France	Technical Cooperation of INSEE	TRG		Grant	2004
France	Training on Utilisation of ERETES	TRG		Grant	2004
Germany	ACP Africa	ID, DHS, NA, PI, BOP, TS, GFS, SS, TRG, ANLY	837,851	Grant/ direct financing	2004-05
UK	ICP Africa Project	PI, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,369,725	Grant	Mar 05-Jun 08
IMF	Multisector Statistics	NA, MS, REAL, DS, TRG	431,495	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
World Bank	Development of Reference Regional Strategic Framework for SCB in Africa	ID	200,000	Grant	Apr 5-Jun 06
World Bank/DFID	Core Welfare Indicator Questionnaire	CWIQ, TRG, ANLY, DIS	2,020,000	Grant	??-Dec 05
World Bank	M&E Capacity Building in NSOs	SSM, HH	100,000		
		Sub-total	11,219,161		
66 AFRICA					
UNICEF	Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys	MICS, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
UNECA	Statistical Component of ECA Sub-program: Facilitating Economic and Social Policy Analysis	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,350,000	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
ACBF	ICP Africa Project	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	1,000,000	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 06
		Sub-total	2,350,000		
67 WORLD					
UNDP	Indicators for Policy Management (Statistical Literacy)	TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,000,000	Grant	2005

Table I

Development Partner	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
UNDP	Monitoring of MDGs	ANLY, DIS	200,000	Grant	2005
UNHabitat	Monitoring of MDGs and Habitat Agenda	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
UNHabitat	GIS Software and Training	ID, TRG		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
EC	Hi-Level Statistical Training : COMSTAT Bridging Operation	TRG	1,330,705	Grant	Apr 99-??
EC	Higher-Level Training for Statisticians	TRG	2,414,983	Grant	Jun 00-??
World Bank	UN 2010 World Program on Population and Housing Census	PC	340,000	Grant	Dec 04-??
		Sub-total	7,285,688		
		GRAND TOTAL	400,991,844		

Represents SCB component of a larger project, estimated at 3% of total project cost.

3: Exchange rates (unit/US\$) used to convert to dollars (period average of 2004 and 2005):

uro	0.8116	GBP	0.5476	SEK	7.4135	NOK	6.8088
EK	5.9490	CHF	1.2534	CAN\$	1.2628	CFAF	531.85

Table I

**Table II: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Development Partner**

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
1. AUSTRALIA					
Malawi	Scholarship for Master of Economic Development and Planning	TRG		Grant	2004
South Africa	Statistical Capacity Building	ID		Grant	2004-05
		Sub-total			
2. CANADA					
Benin	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Burkina Faso	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Côte d'Ivoire	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Mali	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Niger	Support for PRSP Monitoring	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	696,864	Grant	May 02-Oct 06
Eritrea	Census Advisory	PC, TRG	1,421,153	Grant	Dec 97-Mar 04
South Africa	Statistics	ID, SS, TRG	950,269	Grant	Jun 05-Jul 06
Zambia	Assistance on Population Census, 2000	PC, ID, TRG	1,218,720	Grant	Apr 00-Mar 04
ACBF	Strengthening African Public Service	ID	2,217,295	Grant	Apr 02-Mar 07
		Sub-total	9,291,757		
3. DENMARK					
Mozambique	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05
Uganda	Information Technology Support	ID, TRG	123,213	Grant	2001-05
		Sub-total	4,693,213		
4. JERMANIE					
Cameroon	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Chad	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Gabon	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mauritania	Technical Assistance	TA	492,854	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Senegal	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sudan	Technical Assistance	TA	246,426	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05

**Table II**

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
AFRISTAT	Statistical Capacity Building	ID, IES, MICS, LSMS, CWIQ, LFS, AS, ES, NA, EMP, BOP, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,891,326	Grant and direct financing	Jan 02-Dec 05
Francophone countries	Design, Implementation and Monitoring of PRSP	IES, LSMS, LFS, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	813,208	Grant	Jan 01-Dec 06
Francophone countries	Methodologies and Tools for Poverty Reduction and Development Strategies	IES, LSMS, LFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	295,712	Grant	Jan 03-Dec 06
ENEA	Training of Economic and Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,093,149	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
ENSEA	Training of Economic and Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,838,344	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
ISSEA	Training of Economic and Financial Administrative Cadres	ID, TRG	1,060,621	Grant and direct financing	Jan 03-Dec 06
ECOWAS	Regional Integration Program in West Africa	ID, ADM, NA, PI, TRG, ANLY, DIS	533,514	Grant	2004-06
Sub-Saharan Africa	Technical Cooperation of INSEE	TRG		Grant	2004
Sub-Saharan Africa	Training on Utilisation of ERETES (INSEE)	TRG		Grant	2004
		Sub-total	9,250,858		
BURKINA FASO					
Burkina Faso	Advisory Services to Min. Economics and Development and MinFin	IES, AS, SS, TRG, ANLY	924,100	Grant	June 97-Dec 05
Ghana	Economic Planning and Public Administration	ID, TRG		Grant	
Guinea	Assistance to the Poverty Reduction Strategy	TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,724,988	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 07
Malawi	Advisory Support for MinPlan	TRG, ANLY, DIS	123,213	Grant	Jan 04-Jun 10
Mali	Advisory Support to Ministry of Economics and Finance	NA, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,015,278	Grant	Sept 01-Aug 09
Mauritania	Implementation of the HIPC PRS	NA, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	455,890	Grant	Dec 03-Aug 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Mozambique	Economic Planning and Public Administration	ID, TRG		Grant	
Sub-Saharan Africa	ACP Africa	ID, DHS, NA, PI, BOP, TS, GFS, SS, TRG, ANLY	837,851	Grant and direct financing	2004-05
		Sub-total	5,081,320		
Cape Verde	Strengthening of Statistical System of Min Ag, Creation of Permanent System of Agricultural Statistics	ID, ADM, NA, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,224,262	Grant	Nov 02-Nov 06
Mozambique	Support Project for Development of National Statistical System	ID, LFS, ADM, NA, EMP, TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,289,798	Grant	Mar 04-Feb 06
		Sub-total	4,514,060		
Eritrea	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
Kenya	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
Mauritania	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
Nigeria	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
Tanzania	Project for Strengthening Capabilities of National Bureau of Statistics in Data Providing Service	ID, PC, AC, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	610,000	Grant	2004-06
Tanzania	Analysis and Interpretation of Official Statistics	ID, PC, SS, TRG, ANLY	6,820	Grant	2004
Tanzania	Application of Information and Communications Technology to Statistical Processes	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,600	Grant	2004
Zambia	Modules of Core Official Statistics	PC, TRG, ANLY	11,800	Grant	2004
		Sub-total	678,020		

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
8. NETHERLANDS					
Rwanda	Agricultural Statistics Survey	AC, TRG, DIS	1,214,656	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 06
		Sub-total	1,214,656		
9. NORWAY					
Angola	Institutional Cooperation between STAT Norway and INE	ID, CWIQ, LFS, ES, ADM, NA, TS, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,040,183	Grant	Jan 03-Dec 06
Eritrea	Economic Statistics & National Accounts	ID, AS, ADM, NA, PI, EMP, TS, GFS, TRG, DIS	4,699,800	Grant	2003-08
Malawi	Institutional Cooperation between MinFin, Min Plan, NSO and Stat Norway	LSMS, CWIQ, NA, PI, TS, GFS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,554,224	Grant	2004
Mozambique	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05
Uganda	Strengthening of Agricultural and Energy Statistics	AC, TRG, ANLY, DIS	2,761,133	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 06
		Sub-total	18,625,340		
10. PORTUGAL					
Angola	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Angola	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Angola	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Angola	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Angola	Common Project for Definitions, Classification and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Angola	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05

Table II



Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Cape Verde	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Cape Verde	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	National Accounts	ID, NA, TRG, ANLT	24,184	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Guinea-Bissau	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Mozambique	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Support to Development of Statistical Systems	ID, ES, NA, TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	61,607	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Sao Tome & Principe	Institutional Support Project	ID, TRG	88,597	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Statistical Infrastructure	ID, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	28,389	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Production of Statistics	ADM, PI, EMP, TS, SS, TRG, ANLY	27,793	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Basic Statistical Operations	ID, PC, AC, IES, DHS, ES, SS, TRG, ANLY	24,648	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Statistical Dissemination	ID, TRG, DIS	14,018	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Common Project for Definitions, Classifications and Nomenclatures	ID, TRG	32,187	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sao Tome & Principe	Statistical Program for CPLP	ID, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	8,097	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
		Sub-total	1,398,180		
LES SWAZILAND					
Cape Verde	Development of Agricultural Statistics (census)	AC	706,819	Grant	Nov 03-Dec 05
Mozambique	Strengthening the Institutional Capacity of National Statistical Institute	CWIQ, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, ENV, TRG	4,570,000	Grant	May 02-Dec 05
Namibia	Population and Housing Census, 2001	PC	1,939,705	Grant	Jun 01-Dec 04
Namibia	National Household Income and Expenditure Survey	IES	1,530,991	Grant	Jan 03-Aug 06
South Africa	Development of Statistics for Poverty Monitoring	IES, ADM	2,778,715	Grant	Jan 05-Dec 07
Tanzania	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC	3,639,307	Grant	Jun 02-Dec 04
		Sub-total	15,165,537		
LES SWITZERLAND					
South Africa	Local Government Census	TRG, ANLY	1,156,853	Grant	1998-2005
		Sub-total	1,156,853		

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Ethiopia	Support to Agricultural Census	AC, TA	821,835	Grant	Aug 01-Mar 06
Ghana	PRS Poverty Monitoring System	TA, TRG	7,305,200	Grant	July 02-Dec 05
Kenya	Assistance to 1999 Population Census	PC, TRG	3,908,282	Grant	Mar 99-Mar 05
Kenya	Capacity Development in National Statistics System	TA, TRG	273,945		Nov 01-Oct 04
Kenya	Statistical Capacity Building to Central Bureau of Statistics	TA	913,150	Grant	May 04-May 09
Malawi	Preparatory Support to Agricultural Statistics and Food Security Information Systems	AC	1,004,465	Grant	Oct 03-Feb 05
Malawi	Support to National Statistical Office	ID	3,196,025	Grant	Sept 98-Mar 05
Nigeria	Economic Management Capacity Building Project (EMCAP)	TA, TRG	4,565,750	Grant	Feb 00-Jul 05
Nigeria	Support Population Census, 2005	PC	13,697,250	Grant	Aug 04-Jun 06
Rwanda	Support to Department of Statistics	ID	310,471	Grant	Jun 01-Mar 05
Rwanda	Institutional Development for Establishment of National Statistical Institute	ID	2,447,242	Grant	Apr 03-Dec 06
Tanzania	Development of Economic Statistics	NA, TRG	913,150	Grant	Jul 01-ongoing
Uganda	Assistance to Bureau of Statistics	ID, TRG	5,935,475	Grant	May 00-Nov 05
Uganda	Strengthening Evidence-Based Policy-Making	ID, ANLY, DIS	12,053,580	Grant	Nov 05-Dec 08
Uganda	Assistance to Population Census, 2002	PC, ANLY, DIS	1,826,300	Grant	Apr 02-Jun 06
Zambia	Support to Strengthen PRSP Monitoring Arrangements	TRG	273,945	Grant	Oct 02-Mar 05
Anglophone countries	GDDS Project	GDDS	5,844,160	Grant	Jun 02-May 06
Sub-Saharan Africa	ICP Africa Project	PI, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,369,725	Grant	Mar 05-Jun 08
Sub-total			66,659,950		

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Cameroon	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	
Chad	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	
Côte d'Ivoire	Emergency Plan, 2005	AIS		Grant	Apr 04-Aug 05
Ethiopia	Census and Survey Processing System	TRG		Grant	2004-05
Guinea	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb 05-Jun 05 (fieldwork)
Kenya	SPA, 2004	DHS		Grant	May 04-Jun 05 (fieldwork)
Kenya	Work-study to 1 member of CBS on data analysis and evaluation, by sex	TRG		Grant	2004
Lesotho	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Nov 03-Jul 04 (fieldwork)
Madagascar	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003-04	DHS		Grant	Nov 03-Mar 04 (fieldwork)
Malawi	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Sept 04-Jul 05 (fieldwork)
Mozambique	Census of Housing and Population, 2007	PC, TRG		Grant	2005-ongoing
Mozambique	National Labor Force Survey	TRG, LFS		Grant	2004
Mozambique	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003	DHS		Grant	Jul 03-Sept 04 (fieldwork)
Rwanda	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb-Aug 05 (fieldwork)
Senegal	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005	DHS		Grant	Feb 05-ongoing
Senegal	Data processing activities	TRG		Grant	2005
Senegal	Population Census	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-ongoing
Senegal	Regional Workshop on Data Analysis with SPSS	TRG		Grant	2004
Sierra Leone	Poverty Profile	IES, TRG		Grant	2004
South Africa	Demographic and Health Survey, 2003	DHS		Grant	Nov-Dec 04 (fieldwork); ongoing
Swaziland	Consumer Price Index	PI, TRG		Grant	2004-05
Tanzania	Demographic and Health Survey, 2004	DHS		Grant	Oct 04-Aug 05 (fieldwork); ongoing
Tanzania	Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy Project	TRG		Grant	2004
Tanzania	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-05
Tanzania	Preparation of Population Projections	PC, SS, TRG		Grant	2004-05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Uganda	AIDS Indicator Survey, 2004	AIS		Grant	Feb-May 04; ongoing
Uganda	Population Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004
Uganda	Population and Housing Census, 2002	PC, TRG		Grant	2004-05; ongoing
Zimbabwe	Demographic and Health Survey, 2005-06	DHS		Grant	Aug 05-Feb 06 (fieldwork); ongoing
		Sub-total			
Angola	Support to National Statistical Institute	ID	2,341,055	Grant	Jul 02-??
Angola	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
Cape Verde	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
Guinea-Bissau	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
Lesotho	Assistance to the Bureau of Statistics	ID	740,512	Grant	Jan 98-??
Madagascar	Global Program for Rehabilitation of Statistical System	ID	1,503,204	Grant	Dec 98-??
Mali	Support to Planning and Statistical Unit	ID	985,707	Grant	Jun 98-??
Mozambique	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
Niger	Strengthening of Capacity of National Statistical System	ID	2,304,091	Grant	Jan 04-??
Rwanda	Institutional Support for Economic Management	TS, NA, ID	2,341,055	Grant	Jan 05-Dec 10
Sao Tome & Principe	Support to Development of Statistical System	SSM	566,782	Grant	Jan 02-Dec 07
Tanzania	Institutional Support to Eastern Africa Statistical Training Centre	TRG	1,028,832	Grant	Feb 94-??
COMESA	Regional Harmonization of Customs and Trade Statistics	TS, TRG, ANLY, DIS, SSM	16,757,023	Grant	Aug 99-Dec 05
COMESA	Regional Integration Support Program	SSM, TRG	36,964,021	Grant	Jan 05-Dec 10
COMESA	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 03-Mar 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
ECOWAS	Statistical Development Program (ECOSTAT)	TRG, DIS	2,402,661	Grant	Dec 01-Dec 04
ECOWAS	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 03-Mar 05
SADC	Regional Statistical Training Project	TRG	5,914,243	Grant	Jan 03-Aug 07
UEMOA	Regional Support Program of UEMOA Integration	ID, TRG	29,571,217	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
UEMOA	Eurotrace	ID	224,417	Grant	Mar 03-Mar 05
CEMAC	Program of Technical and Institutional Support	ID, SSM, TRG	719,566	Grant	Nov 01-Jul 06
CEMAC	Program to Support Regional Integration in Central Africa	ID	19,714,145	Grant	Jan 05-Jun 10
Anglophone countries	East Africa Regional Statistical Training Strategy Project	TRG	3,696,402	Grant	Oct 00-??
World	Hi-Level Statistical Training: COMSTAT Bridging Operation	TRG	1,330,705	Grant	Apr 99-??
World	Higher-Level Training for Statisticians	TRG	2,414,983	Grant	Jun 00-??
		Sub-total	134,236,583		
16. CME					
Botswana	GDDS Project	NA, MS, GDDS	120,588	Grant	Aug 03-Nov 04
Burundi	GDDS Project	GDDS	60,489	Grant	Nov-Dec 04
Cameroon	Real Sector and National Accounts	REAL, NA	23,863	Grant	Sept 03-Dec 04
Cape Verde	GDDS Project	BOP, GFS	43,306	Grant	Jan-Mar 04
Central African Republic	Government Finance Statistics	GFS	33,879	Grant	Jan-Feb 04
Congo Republic	TA in Real Sector Statistics	TA, TRG	77,025	Grant	Sept 04-Oct 05
Congo Republic	Multisector Statistics	TA	227,506	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
DRC	TA in Real Sector Statistics	TA, TRG	77,025	Grant	Sept 04-Oct 05
DRC	Multisector Statistics	GFS	221,003	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
Eritrea	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	18,265	Grant	Nov 02-Nov 04
Ethiopia	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS, GDDS	113,751	Grant	Aug 03-Feb 05
Gambia	Multisector Statistics	MS, REAL	25,041	Grant	Apr-Aug 03
Ghana	GDDS Project	NA, MS, GDDS	140,209	Grant	May 03-May 04

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Guinea	TA in Real Sector Statistics	REAL, TA	155,213	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 05
Kenya	National Accounts and Govt Finance	NA, GDDS, GFS	153,464	Grant	Jun 03-May 04
Lesotho	Balance of Payments	GDDS	2,482	Grant	Dec 04
Liberia	Technical Assistance	BOP, MS	27,298	Grant	Dec 03-Aug 04
Madagascar	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	55,679	Grant	Feb-Mar 04
Malawi	Multisector Statistics	BOP, NA, MS, GFS	61,846	Grant	Aug 03-Dec 04
Mali	Multisector Statistics	GDDS	40,949	Grant	Apr 03-May 04
Mauritania	TA in Real Sector Statistics	REAL, TA	155,213	Grant	Apr 04-Mar 05
Mozambique	Multisector Statistics	GFS, BOP, MS	53,028	Grant	Apr 03-Sept 04
Namibia	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS, NA, BOP, GDDS	147,973	Grant	May 03-May 04
Nigeria	Multisector Statistics	GFS, REAL, BOP	49,787	Grant	Jul 03-Feb 05
Rwanda	Multisector Statistics	BOP	101,932	Grant	Jun 03-Feb 04
Sao Tome & Principe	Balance of Payments	BOP, MS	42,151	Grant	May 03-Dec 04
Sierra Leone	Multisector/GDDS	DS, MS, REAL, GDDS	80,405	Grant	Aug 04-May 05
Swaziland	Multisector Statistics	GFS, REAL, GDDS, PI	88,148	Grant	Jun 03-Feb 05
Tanzania	Multisector Statistics	GFS, MS	22,684	Grant	Aug 03-Feb 05
Zambia	Monetary Statistics	MS	11,195	Grant	Jun 03-May 05
Anglophone countries	GDDS Project	GDDS, TRG, ES, MS, BOP	1,255,653	Grant	May 03-Apr 05
Anglophone countries	Statistical Support: AFRITAC East	TA, NA, GFS, PI, BOP, MS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	593,914	Grant	Nov 02-Apr 05
Lusophone countries	GDDS Project	GDDS, TRG, NA, GFS, TA	760,213	Grant	May 03-Mar 05
Francophone countries	Statistical Support: AFRITAC West	TA	432,738	Grant	Jun 03-Apr 05
Francophone countries	Regional Seminar: BCEAO	MS, TA	33,879	Grant	Jan-Feb 04
Francophone countries	West African Economic/Monetary Union	REAL, GFS	205,057	Grant	Dec 02-Mar 04
Francophone countries	West African Institute Financial and Economic Management	BOP, NA, TRG	14,269	Grant	Jul-Aug 04

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Sub-Saharan Africa	Multisector Statistics	NA, MS, REAL, DS, TRG	431,495	Grant	Oct 03-May 05
		Sub-total	6,158,615		
	Sub-regional and regional workshops on NSDS	ID, TRG	537,888	Direct financing	Dec 04-Dec 05
Sub-Saharan Africa	Development of NSDS methodology, tools, and methods and training of consultants	ID, TRG	108,903	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sub-Saharan Africa	Participation in international donor collaboration efforts	ID	104,502	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
Sub-Saharan Africa	Statistical Advocacy	ID	34,886	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
		Sub-total	786,179		
18. UNDAIDS					
Sub-Saharan Africa	HIV/AIDS: Support to M&E	ID, PC, IES, DHS, MICS, NA, GFS, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	5,000,000	Grant and direct financing	2004-05
		Sub-total	5,000,000		
19. UNCTAD					
Sub-Saharan Africa	Workshops on Compilation of International Merchandise Trade Statistics	TS, TRG		Grant	2004-05
		Sub-total			
20. UNDP					
Francophone countries	Program on PRSP Monitoring and MDG Indicators	ID, SSM, TRG	963,050	Direct financing	Apr 03-Mar 06
World	Indicators for Policy Management (Statistical Literacy)	TRG, ANLY, DIS	3,000,000	Grant	2005

Table II



Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
World	Monitoring of MDGs	ANLY, DIS	200,000	Grant	2005
		Sub-total	4,163,050		
24. JUNESE COUNTRIES					
Ethiopia	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	ADM, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
Gambia	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2004-06
Guinea	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2004-05
Mauritania	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	
Niger	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
Tanzania	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
Uganda	Developing National Statistical Capabilities for Monitoring Education for All	SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	2003-06
		Sub-total			
25. JUNESE COUNTRIES					
Cameroon	Support to Agricultural Statistics System	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Oct 04
Central African Republic	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-May 05
Chad	Support to Agricultural Census	AC		Grant	2005??
DRC	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Dec 04

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Comoros	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Mar 05
Equatorial Guinea	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
Eritrea	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
Gabon	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Jun 05
Kenya	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Jun 05
Malawi	Support to Agricultural Census	AC		Grant 2005-??	
Mali	Support to Program on Strengthening Information Systems and Rural Statistics in Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
Mauritania	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Sept 04
Mauritius	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Feb 05
Mozambique	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	2005-??
Niger	Support to Agricultural Census	AC, TRG		Grant	??-Dec 04
Niger	Support to Agricultural Census and Agricultural Statistics	ID, AC, TRG		Grant	??-Jul 07
Rwanda	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID, TRG		Grant	??-Aug 04
Rwanda	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Jun 05
Senegal	Support to Program on Strengthening Information Systems and Rural Statistics in Africa	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
Tanzania	Support to Agricultural Statistics	AC, ID, TRG		Grant	??-May 05
Zambia	Support to Agricultural Statistics	ID		Grant	2005-??
		Sub-total			
24 UNCTAD					
Djibouti	Strengthening of National Database within Poverty Reduction Strategy	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	
Somalia	Pilot Population Census	TRG		Grant	
Sudan	Population Census	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	6,135,000	Grant	Jan 01-Dec 08
		Sub-total	6,135,000		

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
24. CONCLUSION					
Nigeria	Household Survey on Urban Inequities	HH, ANLY, TRG		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 04
World	Monitoring of MDGs and Habitat Agenda	SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
World	GIS Software and Training	ID, TRG		Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
25. SUMMARY					
Sub-total					
Angola	DevInfo	ID, DIS	29,360	Grant	2004-05
Benin	DevInfo	ID, DIS	15,900	Grant	2004-05
Botswana	DevInfo	ID, DIS	6,080	Grant	2004-05
Burundi	DevInfo	ID, DIS	4,980	Grant	2004-05
Comoros	DevInfo	ID, DIS	1,840	Grant	2004-05
Eritrea	DevInfo	ID, DIS	14,229	Grant	2004-05
Ghana	DevInfo	ID, DIS	29,853	Grant	2004-05
Guinea	DevInfo	ID, DIS	18,374	Grant	2004-05
Kenya	DevInfo	ID, DIS	59,910	Grant	2004-05
Lesotho	DevInfo	ID, DIS	1,840	Grant	2004-05
Madagascar	DevInfo	ID, DIS	9,688	Grant	2004-05
Malawi	Web Pilot, DevInfo	ID	160,000	Grant	2004-05
Malawi	DevInfo	ID, DIS	56,219	Grant	2004-05
Mozambique	DevInfo	ID, DIS	17,425	Grant	2004-05
Rwanda	DevInfo	ID, DIS	15,649	Grant	2004-05
Somalia	DevInfo	ID, DIS	40,190	Grant	2004-05
South Africa	DevInfo	ID, DIS	9,187	Grant	2004-05
Tanzania	Web Pilot, DevInfo	ID	160,000	Grant	2004-05
Tanzania	DevInfo	ID, DIS	91,093	Grant	2004-05
Uganda	DevInfo	ID, DIS	23,259	Grant	2004-05
Zambia	DevInfo	ID, DIS	68,125	Grant	2004-05
Zimbabwe	DevInfo	ID, DIS	10,265	Grant	2004-05
Sub-Saharan Africa	Technical Support Capacity on DevInfo	ID	173,911	Grant	2004-05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Africa	Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey	MICS, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Grant	Jan 05-Dec 06
		Sub-total	1,017,377		
26. Africa					
Benin	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ES, ADM, ID, TRG	16,053	Grant	Aug 04-Oct 05
Burkina Faso	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ES, ADM	2,485	Grant	May 04
Burkina Faso	Survey and Development of database on child labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
Cameroon	ACBF-ILO	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, SNLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Côte d'Ivoire	Survey and Development of Database on Child Labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan-06
Mali	Survey and Development of Database on Child Labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan-06
Mali	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Niger	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	ES, ADM	4,490	Grant	Jun-Sept 05
Niger	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	ID	2,638	Grant	Aug 04-Sept 05
Niger	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Labor Market Information Systems	TRG	8,925	Grant	Jul-Aug 05
Niger	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan: Sub-regional Observatory on accidents at work and professional diseases	ADM, SS	2,485	Grant	Aug 04
Nigeria	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Senegal	Survey and Development of database on child labor	LFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	147,382	Grant	Jul 04-Jan 06
Togo	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ID	2,638	Grant	Aug 04-Sept 05
Togo	RBTC-BSR/Abidjan	ES, ADM	4,490	Grant	Oct-Nov 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Uganda	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Zambia	ACBF-ILO: Labor Market Information	ID, LFS, ES, ADM, SSM, TRG, ANLY, DIS	300,000	Grant	Jun 04-Apr 07
Sub-Saharan Africa	Technical Support to Labor Statistics	PC, IES, LSMS, CWIQ, LFS, ES, PI, EMP, TRG, ANLY, DIS		Direct financing	2004-05
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>2,133,732</b>		
<b>AFRICA</b>					
ECOWAS	Strengthening Statistical Capacity Building in Support of MDGs	ID, SS, TRG	600,000	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 06
ECOWAS	Statistical Project	ID, TRG	645,000	Grant	2004-06
Sub-Saharan Africa	Regular Program for Technical Cooperation	PC, NA, TS, TRG	300,000	Grant	Jan 04-Dec 05
		<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>1,545,000</b>		
<b>ASIA</b>					
<b>WORLD BANK</b>					
Angola	Economic Management and TA Project	IES, DHS, LSMS, LFS, ES, ADM, NA, EMP, BOP, TS, MS, GFS, SS, ANLY, DIS	4,900,000	Credit	Dec 04-Dec 07
Burkina Faso	Development of National Statistical System	ID, PC, IES, DHS, LFS, ADM, NA, PI, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	10,000,000	Credit	Mar 04-Jul 09
Burkina Faso	Statistical Master Plan	ID	50,000	Grant	May 03-Feb 04
Burundi	Economic Management Support Project	NA, GFS, MS, TRG, ANLY, DIS, DS	780,000 *	Credit	Jul 04-Jul 09
Cameroon	Public/Private Partnership, Growth and Poverty Reduction Project	HH, LSMS	627,000 *	Credit	May 00-Dec 04
Cameroon	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
Cape Verde	Statistical Master Plan	ID	50,000	Grant	Feb-Dec 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Central African Republic	Strengthening National Statistical System	ID, GFS, TRG	180,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
Central African Republic	Policy Support Project	ID, TRG	240,000 *	Credit	May 00-Aug-04
Chad	Strengthening Institutional Statistical Capacities	ID, NA, BOP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	140,000	Grant	Nov 00-Jun 04
Chad	Management of Petroleum Economy Project	IES	525,000 *	Credit	Jan 00-Jun 05
Congo Republic	Strengthening Institutional and Technical Capacity of National Statistical Organization	ID, NA, MS, TRG	150,000	Grant	Feb 03-Jun 05
DRC	HIV/AIDS and Health (MAP)	SS, DHS	570,000 *	Credit	Apr 04-Jun 09
Côte d'Ivoire	Building Local Capacity for Impact Evaluation	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	230,000	Grant	Jan 03-Jun 04
Equatorial Guinea	Strengthening National Statistical System	ID, ES, NA, TRG	290,000	Grant	Jan 02-Oct 05
Gabon	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
Gambia	Capacity Building for Economic Management Project	ID, IES, DHS, LFS, ES, NA, PI, EMP, BOP, TS, GFS, MS, SS, TRG	3,200,000	Credit	Jul 01-Dec 06
Ghana	Support to Development of Statistical Service Corporate Plan	ID	170,000	Grant	Jun 05
Guinea	Implementation of M&E Tools	ANLY, DIS	23,603	Grant	Jun 04-Jul 04
Guinea	Statistical Master Plan	ID	119,000	Grant	Nov 05-Nov 06
Kenya	Development of a Statistical Master Plan	ID	40,000	Grant	Jul-Sept 03
Kenya	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security in Rural Africa	TRG	200,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
Madagascar	Public/Private Partnership, and Information Management for Regional Development Project	ID	138,000 *	Credit	Mar 00-Dec 04

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Mali	Grassroots Initiatives to Fight Hunger and Poverty Project	PC, IES	1,500,000	Credit	Apr 98-Oct 04
Mauritania	Statistical Master Plan	ID	105,930	Grant	Sept 05-Sept 06
Mauritania	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	70,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
Niger	National Strategy for Statistical Development	ID	240,000	Grant	Nov 05-Nov 07
Nigeria	Economic Management and Capacity Building Project	ID, CWIQ, NA, PL, BOP, TS, MS, SS, TRG, DIS	8,510,000	Credit	Nov 00-Jun 06
Nigeria	Federal Government Economic Reform and Governance Project	ID, DHS, LSMS, LFS, AS, ES, NA, EMP, SS, TRG, ANLY, DIS	20,000,000	Credit	Dec 04-Feb 11
Nigeria	Development of Statistical Strategy and Master Plan	ID	160,000	Grant	Jul 03-Dec 04
Rwanda	Strengthening Agricultural Statistics for Poverty Reduction and Food Security	TRG	200,000	Grant	May 03-Dec 05
Senegal	Strengthening Directorate of Forecasting and Statistics	ID, TRG	310,000	Grant	Dec 02-Jun 05
Senegal	Social Development Fund Project	IES	900,000 *	Credit	Dec 00-Dec 04
Sierra Leone	Development of a Strategic Plan for Statistical System	ID	110,000	Grant	Feb 05
South Africa	Development of National Statistical System	ID, TRG	350,000	Grant	??
Tanzania	Development of Statistical Master Plan	ID	160,000	Grant	Jun 05-Jul 06
Tanzania	Human Resources Development Pilot Project	SS	627,000 *	Credit	Oct 97-Dec 05
Uganda	Strengthening and Linking Quantitative, Qualitative and GIS-based Poverty Monitoring	GFS, SS, TRG, DIS	350,000	Grant	Jan 03-Dec 05
Uganda	Second Economic and Financial Management Project – Supp. Credit	ID, ES, TRG, DIS	4,600,000	Credit	Nov 99-Dec 06
Uganda	Development of National Statistical Development Strategy	ID	140,000	Grant	May 05

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Zambia	Social Investment Fund Project	LSMS	1,941,000*	Credit	May 00-Dec 05
AFRISTAT	IDF Strengthening Statistical Capacity and Implementation of M&E Poverty Tools	ANLY, DIS	200,000	Grant	Dec 04-Oct 07
SADC	Statistical Capacity Building for Poverty Reduction Strategies, Phase I	IES, DHS, TRG, DIS	350,000	Grant	Sep 01-Nov 05
SADC	Statistical Capacity Building for Poverty Reduction Strategies, Phase II	TRG, ANLY, DIS	390,000	Grant	Dec 04-Jun 06
Anglophone countries	GDDS, Socio-Demographic Statistics Project	ID, SS, TRG, DIS	1,170,000	Grant	??-Dec 05
Francophone countries	Training: Statistical Approach to Poverty	TRG	50,000	Grant	Jun 05-??
Sub-Saharan Africa	Development of Reference Regional Strategic Framework for SCB in Africa	ID	200,000	Grant	Apr 5-Jun 06
Sub-Saharan Africa	Core Welfare Indicator Questionnaire	CWIQ, TRG, ANLY, DIS	2,020,000	Grant	??-Dec 05
Sub-Saharan Africa	M&E Capacity Building in NSOs	SSM, HH	100,000		
World	UN 2010 World Program on Population and Housing Census	PC	340,000	Grant	Dec 04-??
		Sub-total	67,856,533		
29. AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK					
Angola	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	391,065	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Benin	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	304,158	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Botswana	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	132,189	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Burkina Faso	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	412,784	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Burundi	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	275,194	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07

Table II



Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Cameroon	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	333,122	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Cape Verde	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Central African Republic	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	238,986	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Chad	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	311,403	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Congo Republic	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	289,669	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
DRC	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	477,971	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Comoros	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Côte d'Ivoire	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	391,065	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Djibouti	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	101,381	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Equatorial Guinea	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Eritrea	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	224,496	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Ethiopia	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	637,281	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Gabon	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	124,407	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Gambia	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	152,079	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Ghana	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Guinea-Bissau	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	224,496	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Guinea	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Kenya	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	383,820	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Lesotho	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	152,079	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Liberia	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	238,986	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Madagascar	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	448,993	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Malawi	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Mali	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	427,274	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Mauritania	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	260,705	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Mauritius	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Mozambique	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	369,331	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Namibia	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	233,280	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Niger	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	441,763	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Nigeria	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	499,691	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Rwanda	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	347,612	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Sao Tome & Principe	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	115,871	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Senegal	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Seychelles	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	108,858	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Sierra Leone	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	231,741	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
South Africa	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	287,709	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Sudan	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	282,439	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Swaziland	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	155,520	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Tanzania	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	456,238	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Togo	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	210,022	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Uganda	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	354,856	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Zambia	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	405,540	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
Zimbabwe	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	296,914	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
AFRISTAT	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	1,675,426	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
COMESA	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	1,018,502	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
ECOWAS	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	736,949	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
SADC	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	924,656	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
EASTC	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
ENEA	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
ENSEA	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
INSEA	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	80,635	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
ISAE	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
ISSEA	SCB under International Comparison Program	ID, NA, PI, DS, TRG	130,665	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 07
		Sub-total	18,544,499		
Sub-total					
Africa	Statistical Component of ECA Sub-program: Facilitating Economic and Social Policy Analysis	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,350,000	Direct financing	Jan 04-Dec 05
		Sub-total	1,350,000		
Sub-total					
Cameroon	Capacity Building of Economic and Financial Management Project (CAMERCAP)	ID	854,425	Grant	Jan 03-Jan 06
Cameroon	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
Congo Republic	Statistical Capacity Building, Prospective Studies and Planning for Fight against Poverty (RESPEC)	ID	1,517,510	Grant	Jan 04-Jan 07
Gabon	Capacity Building of Economic and Financial Management Project (PRECAGEF)	ID	711,425	Grant	Jan 02-Jan 05
Malawi	Strengthening the Statistical System	ID	1,200,000	Grant	Dec 05-Jan 09
Mali	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
Nigeria	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07

Table II

Beneficiary Country	Project/Programme Name	Statistical Areas	Financing		Project/Programme Period
			Amount (US\$)	Type	
Uganda	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
Zambia	Labor Market Information System, AFRISTAT	ID	300,000	Grant	Jan 05-Jan 07
Africa	ICP Africa Project	ID, NA, PL, DS, TRG	1,000,000	Grant	Dec 04-Dec 06
		Sub-total	6,783,360		
Kenya	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE II	NA, PL, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
Tanzania	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE II	NA, PL, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
Uganda	Establishment of EAC Statistics, DATABASE II	NA, PL, BOP, TS, GFS, AS, SS	1,232,134	Grant	July 05-Jul 08
		Sub-total	3,696,402		
AFRISTAT	ECOWAS Statistics	NA, PL, DIS	248,372	Grant	Nov 04-Apr 06
Nigeria	Strengthening Statistical Capacity for data dissemination in ECOWAS Member States	DIS	34,690	Grant	Jun 05-Jan 06
		Sub-total	283,062		
Anglophone countries	Eastern Africa Statistical Training Centre: Institutional Support	ID, TRG	1,700,000	Grant	Jul 05-Jul 08
		Sub-total	1,700,000		
Côte d'Ivoire	Statistical Capacity Building	ID, TRG, ANLY, DIS	1,872,708	Grant and direct financing	2004-05
		Sub-total	1,872,708		
		GRAND TOTAL	400,991,844		

Table II

**Table III: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05, by Major Statistical Activity<sup>1</sup>**

Beneficiary Country	Development Partner	Statistical Activity <sup>2</sup>										
		PC	IES	LSMS	CWIQ	DHS	AIS	AC	MICS	AS	LFS	ES
Benin	ILO											X
Cameroon	World Bank		X	X								
Cameroon	USA					X						
Cameroon	ILO										X	X
Chad	World Bank		X									
Chad	FAO					X		X				
Chad	USA					X						
Comoros	FAO							X				
Equatorial Guinea	World Bank											X
Ethiopia	UK							X				
Guinea	USA					X						
Kenya	Japan	X										
Kenya	UK	X										

<sup>1</sup> The EC did not identify the statistical areas of their operations.

<sup>2</sup> See Legend of Statistical Activities for identification of acronyms.

**Table III**

Beneficiary Country	Development Partner	Statistical Activity <sup>2</sup>										
		PC	IES	LSMS	CWIQ	DHS	AIS	AC	MICS	AS	LFS	ES
Kenya	USA					X						
Madagascar	USA					X						
Mali	World Bank	X	X									
Mali	ILO										X	X
Mozambique	Denmark, Sweden, Norway				X						X	X
Mozambique	Portugal	X	X			X		X				
Mozambique	Italy										X	
Mozambique	USA					X					X	
Niger	FAO							X				X
Niger	ILO											
Rwanda	Netherlands							X				
Rwanda	USA					X						
Senegal	USA					X						
Senegal	USA	X										
Senegal	World Bank		X									
Senegal	ILO										X	
South Africa	Sweden		X									
South Africa	USA					X						

Table III

Beneficiary Country	Development Partner	Statistical Activity <sup>2</sup>										
		PC	IES	LSMS	CWIQ	DHS	AIS	AC	MICS	AS	LFS	ES
Togo	ILO											X
Zambia	Japan	X										
Zambia	Canada	X										
Zambia	World Bank			X							X	X
Zambia	ILO											
AFRISTAT	France		X	X	X				X	X	X	X
Anglophone countries	IMF											X
SSA	ILO	X	X	X	X						X	X
SSA	UNAIDS	X	X			X			X			
SSA	UNSD	X										
SSA	Germany					X						
SSA	WB/DFID				X							

Table III



Table IV: Support to Statistical Capacity Building, 2004-05<sup>3</sup>, by Key Financing Sources<sup>4</sup>

#	Beneficiary Country	Financing							
		TOTAL	World Bank	AfDB	IMF <sup>5</sup>	EC	UK	Norway	Others
1	Angola	11,515,115	4,900,000	391,065		2,907,837		3,040,183	276,030
2	Benin	1,032,975		304,158					728,817
3	Botswana	258,857		132,189	120,588				6,080
4	Burkina Faso	12,233,615	10,050,000	412,784					1,770,831
5	Burundi	1,120,663	780,000	275,194	60,489				4,980
6	Cameroon	2,754,836	697,000	333,122	23,863				1,700,851
7	Cape Verde	2,977,886	50,000	101,381	43,306	566,782			2,216,417
8	Central African Republic	692,865	420,000	238,986	33,879				
9	Chad	1,222,829	665,000	311,403					246,426
10	Congo Republic	2,261,710	150,000	289,669	304,531				1,517,510
11	Democratic Republic of Congo	1,345,999	570,000	477,971	298,028				
12	Comoros	103,221		101,381					1,840
13	Côte d'Ivoire	3,338,019	230,000	391,065					2,716,954
14	Djibouti	101,381		101,381					
15	Equatorial Guinea	398,858	290,000	108,858					
16	Eritrea	6,389,743		224,496	18,265			4,699,800	1,447,182
17	Ethiopia	1,572,867		637,281	113,751		821,835		
18	Gabon	1,152,258	70,000	124,407					711,425
19	Gambia	3,377,120	3,200,000	152,079	25,041				246,426
20	Ghana	7,942,176	170,000	296,914	140,209		7,305,200		29,853
21	Guinea-Bissau	1,086,780		224,496		566,782			295,502
22	Guinea	2,338,092	142,603	296,914	155,213				1,743,362
23	Kenya	7,176,505	240,000	383,820	153,464		5,095,377		1,303,804
24	Lesotho	896,913		152,079	2,482	740,512			

<sup>3</sup> Amounts reflect commitments for operations that were ongoing during 2004-05.

<sup>4</sup> Includes financing of partners who responded to the questionnaire of the light reporting exercise. The following partners did not provide the financial value of their support to SCB: USA, FAO, UNESCO-UIS, UNCTAD, Australia.

<sup>5</sup> Includes IMF-financed short-term experts and externally financed experts. Staff mission time is not included.

Table IV

#	Beneficiary Country	Financing							
		TOTAL	World Bank	AfDB	IMF <sup>5</sup>	EC	UK	Norway	Others
25	Liberia	266,284		238,986	27,298				
26	Madagascar	2,155,564	138,000	448,993	55,679	1,503,204			9,688
27	Malawi	9,710,848		354,856	61,846		4,200,490	3,553,224	1,540,432
28	Mali	5,413,454 <sup>6</sup>	1,500,000	427,274	40,949	985,707			2,459,524
29	Mauritania	1,549,192	175,930	260,705	155,213				957,344
30	Mauritius	108,858		108,858					
31	Mozambique	18,291,700		369,331	53,028	566,782		4,570,000	12,732,559
32	Namibia	3,851,949		233,280	147,973				3,470,696
33	Niger	3,701,256	240,000	441,763		2,304,091			715,402
34	Nigeria	48,125,768	28,670,000	499,691	49,787		18,263,000		643,290
35	Rwanda	6,978,617	200,000	347,612	101,932	2,341,055	2,757,713		1,230,305
36	Sao Tome & Principe	1,010,140		115,871	42,151	566,782			285,336
37	Senegal	1,958,664	1,210,000	354,856					413,808
38	Seychelles	108,858		108,858					
39	Sierra Leone	422,146	110,000	231,741	80,405				
40	Somalia	40,190							40,190
41	South Africa	5,532,733	350,000	287,709					4,895,024
42	Sudan	6,663,865		282,439					6,381,426
43	Swaziland	243,668		155,520	88,148				
44	Tanzania	8,955,858	787,000	456,238	22,684	1,028,832	913,150		5,747,954
45	Togo	217,150		210,022					7,128
46	Uganda	29,999,950	5,090,000	354,856			19,815,355	2,761,133	1,978,606
47	Zambia	4,530,325	1,941,000	405,540	11,195		273,945		1,898,645
48	Zimbabwe	307,179		296,914					10,265
Sub-total (Continental)									
49	AFRISTAT	4,015,124	200,000	1,675,426					2,139,698
50	COMESA	54,963,963		1,018,502		53,945,461			
51	ECOWAS	5,142,541		736,949		2,627,078			1,778,514
52	SADC	7,578,899	740,000	924,656		5,914,243			
53	UEMOA	29,795,634				29,795,634			
54	CEMAC	20,433,711				20,433,711			

Excludes a project from Luxembourg beginning in 2006, equivalent to US\$308,034.

#	Beneficiary Country	Financing							
		TOTAL	World Bank	AfDB	IMF <sup>5</sup>	EC	UK	Norway	Others
55	ACBF	2,217,295							2,217,295
55	EASTC	130,665		130,665					
56	ENEA	1,223,814		130,665					
57	ENSEA	1,969,009		130,665					
58	INSEA	80,635		80,635					
59	ISAE	130,665		130,665					
60	ISSEA	1,191,286		130,665					1,060,621
61	Anglophone Countries	14,260,129	1,170,000		1,849,567	3,696,402	5,844,160		1,700,000
62	Lusophone Countries	760,213			760,213				
63	Francophone Countries	2,807,913	50,000		685,943				2,071,970
64	Sub-Saharan Africa	11,219,161	2,320,000		431,495		1,369,725		7,097,941
65	Africa	2,350,000							2,350,000
66	World	7,285,688	340,000			3,745,688			3,200,000
Sub-Saharan Region Sub-region									
GRAND TOTAL		401,394,184	674,856,533	18,524,409	6,188,695	184,266,583	60,650,950	10,625,149	8,221,122
	% of total	100.0	16.9	4.6	1.5	33.5	16.6	4.7	22.2

Excludes 2 operations which begin in 2006, equivalent to US\$4,472,646 (US\$3,881,222 for ECOWAS/UEMOA and US\$591,424 for SADC).

Excludes 2 operations which begin in 2006, equivalent to US\$18,080,370 (US\$ 9,862,020 for Rwanda and US\$ 8,218,350 for Ghana).

Table IV

**Table V: General Information on Development Partners**

Development Partner	Principal Areas of Support	Number of Professionals in SCB	Key partners	General problems encountered	Contact Person
EC	Institutional development of statistical systems; regional integration; financial market integration; training of statisticians		COMESA, ECOWAS, SADC, UEMOA, CEMAC		EC: Gilles Hervio <a href="mailto:gilles.hervio@cec.eu.int">gilles.hervio@cec.eu.int</a> EUROSTAT: Jurgen Heilmann <a href="mailto:jurgen.heilmann@cec.eu.int">jurgen.heilmann@cec.eu.int</a>
IMF	Macroeconomics statistics; GDDS; Data Quality Assessment Framework; Financial Soundness Indicators; TA and training in macroeconomic statistics; statistical methodologies for international comparability, efficient use of statistical resources and analytical statistical use; publications (International Finance Statistics, Balance of Payments Yearbook, Direction of Trade Statistics, and Government Finance Statistics Yearbook)	Department of Statistics: 80 Africa: 32	AFRISTAT, Japan, UK, World Bank East AFRITAC West AFRITAC ACBF Joint Africa Training Institute (JAI)	Inadequate priority and funding for statistics in the PRSPs has contributed to:  Weak absorptive capacity of TA; inadequate implementation record in partner countries; resource constraints in statistical agencies; funding difficulties for surveys; frequent turnover of specialized staff in statistical agencies.	Wipada Soonthornsima <a href="mailto:wsoonthornsima@imf.org">wsoonthornsima@imf.org</a> Robin Kibuka <a href="mailto:rkibuka@imf.org">rkibuka@imf.org</a> GDDS: <a href="http://dsbb/imf.org">http://dsbb/imf.org</a>
UNDP	PRSP Monitoring; MDGs monitoring; Indicators for Policy management				Dorothy Rosenberg, Policy Advisor, Poverty Group <a href="mailto:dorothy.rosenberg@undp.org">dorothy.rosenberg@undp.org</a> Lynn MacDonald <a href="mailto:lynn.macdonald@undp.org">lynn.macdonald@undp.org</a>
UNESCO-UIS	Education statistics; EMIS development; training in use of statistics; survey methodology development; analysis of household survey data for education	HQ: 3; Dakar: 3 UIS staff, 2 ADEA; Ghana: 1 stat advisor, 1 IT specialist; Addis Ababa: 1 UIS advisor, 1 ITS specialist	EC, Ghana, Mauritania, Niger, Guinea, Uganda, Ethiopia, Tanzania	High statistical staff turnover; development assistance not designed with capacity building orientation	Douglas Drew <a href="mailto:d.drew@unesco.org">d.drew@unesco.org</a>

*Table V*

Development Partner	Principal Areas of Support	Number of Professionals in SCB	Key partners	General problems encountered	Contact Person
UNFPA	Population censuses: training, analysis and dissemination		UK, US, World Bank		François Farah <a href="mailto:farah@unfpa.org">farah@unfpa.org</a> Prosper Poukouta, Sr. Program Advisor <a href="mailto:poukouta@unfpa.org">poukouta@unfpa.org</a>
UNICEF	DevInfo: data dissemination and use; MICS	50	NSOs	Lack of coordination in national data collection	Nicolas Pron, DevInfo <a href="mailto:npron@unicef.org">npron@unicef.org</a> Attila Hancioglu, MICS <a href="mailto:ahancioglu@unicef.org">ahancioglu@unicef.org</a> Naman Keita <a href="mailto:naman.keita@fao.org">naman.keita@fao.org</a>
FAO	Food and agricultural statistics; training and TA	HQ: 24; Regional Offices: Accra: 1, Harare: 1	World Bank, EC, PARIS21, France, UK, Italy, AFRISTAT		
UNSD	International trade; national accounts; energy; industry; environment; demographic and social statistics development indicators	60	UN Regional Commission, UN agencies HQ/regional & country offices	Limited availability of experts	Santiago Ferrer <a href="mailto:ferrers@un.org">ferrers@un.org</a>
Health Metrics Network	Health information systems		WHO, World Bank, Gates Foundation	Operations to begin 2006	Carla Abou-zahr <a href="mailto:abouzahr@who.int">abouzahr@who.int</a>
World Bank	Marrakech Action Plan; STATCAP lending projects; TFSCB administration; development of NSDS and Statistical Master Plans; PRSP M&E; IDA-14 Results Measurement System; ICP administration; Debt Reporting System; publications (World Development Indicators and Global Development Finance); IHSN.	Development data group: about 50; Africa Knowledge and Learning Unit: 12	NSOs Statistical units' line ministries, AFD, UNECA, AFRISTAT, SADC	Ensuring sustainability after completion of projects; weak leadership; pooling sufficient funds to finance NSDS; lack of local expert consultants	Naoko Watanabe <a href="mailto:nwatanabe@worldbank.org">nwatanabe@worldbank.org</a>

Table V

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Denmark	Long-term institutional cooperation	10	Uganda Mozambique	Transparency	Lars Erik Gewalli leg@dst.dk
France	Institutional strengthening; higher education and training of statisticians; NSDS; development and implementation of methodologies for data production, analysis and dissemination; production of indicators for policy M&E	HQ: 1; AFRISTAT: 6; SADC: 1; African countries: 7; statistical institutes: 2	AFRISTAT DIAL; francophone countries; General Secretariat of Andean Community Andean countries Morocco Vietnam	Commitment of national authorities; funding from national budgets; weak donor coordination; insufficient involvement of users of statistics	Jean-Francois Divay, Chargé de Mission, Ministry of Foreign Affairs jean-francois.divay@diplo.mati.gouv.fr
Germany	Technical assistance		Mozambique Ghana		Kerstin Schaub kerstin.schaub@gtz.de
Norway	Production of statistics, statistical standards and methodologies, training, dissemination	NORAD: 3; Stat Norway: 18 full-time, total: 45	Angola Eritrea Malawi Mozambique Uganda PARIS21	Lack of statistical master plans and strategy; lack of donor coordination; shortage of qualified staff and proper remuneration;	Halvard Lesteberg halvard.lesteberg@norad.no
Sweden	Long-term institutional cooperation	Stat Sweden International Consulting Office: 5; long-term experts in Africa: 5	Tanzania Namibia Mozambique Cape Verde South Africa	Insufficient country ownership; organizational issues	Lena Astrom ico@scb.se
UK					Shioban Carey s-carey@dfid.gov.uk Rachael Beaven r-beaven@dfid.gov.uk

Table V

Development Partner	Principal Areas of Support	Number of Professionals in SCB	Key partners	General problems encountered	Contact Person
USA					William McCormick <a href="mailto:wmccormick@usaid.gov">wmccormick@usaid.gov</a> Elizabeth Taylor, ILSC <a href="mailto:Taylor.elizabeth@bls.gov">Taylor.elizabeth@bls.gov</a> Diana Lopez-Meisel, CB <a href="mailto:dlopezme@census.gov">dlopezme@census.gov</a>
AfDB	Core ICP activities; Strategic Framework for Statistical Development in Africa; research on Purchasing Price Parity-based poverty measurement; MDG Monitoring and Statistical Literacy Program; implementation of 1993 SNA; training through statistical training centers/universities	10 professional 9 junior statisticians	AFRISTATC OMESA SADC ECOWAS UNECA UEMOA CEMAC WAMI ACBF	Lack of information on other donors' SCB activities; high turnover of staff in NSOs; shortage of qualified African experts in national accounts and price statistics; poor Email connections	Charles Leyeka Lufumpa, Division Manager <a href="mailto:clufumpa@afdb.org">clufumpa@afdb.org</a> Michel Mouyelo-Katoula, ICP Coordinator <a href="mailto:m.mouyelo-katoula@afdb.org">m.mouyelo-katoula@afdb.org</a>
UNECA	Services for workshops on thematic issues and for meetings and forums (Advisory Board on Statistics in Africa, Forum on Statistical Development, and Committee on Development Information); publications (African Statistical Yearbook, African Socio-Economic Indicators and compendium of African Trade Statistics)	6	AfDB African Union COMESA SADC AFRISTATE COWAS NSOs	Insufficient partners' coordination; conflicts in meeting schedules	Dimitri Sanga, Sr. Statistician Economic and Social Policy Division <a href="mailto:dsanga@uneeca.org">dsanga@uneeca.org</a>
AFRISTAT					Martin Balepa, Director <a href="mailto:martin.balepa@afristat.org">martin.balepa@afristat.org</a> Birimpo Lompo, Deputy Dir. <a href="mailto:birimpo.lompo@afristat.org">birimpo.lompo@afristat.org</a>

Table V

Development Partner	Principal Areas of Support	Number of Professionals in SCB	Key partners	General problems encountered	Contact Person
SADC					Tomaz Salomao, Exec Secty. tsalomao@sadc.int Arthur Nemaconde Head of Statistics anemaconde@sadc.int
UNHabitat	Household Surveys on Urban Inequities; monitoring of MDGs and Habitat Agenda; GIS Software and training		UNICEF WHO UNFPA Netherlands	Lack of funds for surveys	Martin Raithelhuber Human Settlements Officer Global Urban Observatory martin.raithelhuber@unhabitat.org
ILO	International standards in labor statistics	Bureau of Statistics: 9; Statistical Development and Analysis Unit: 2-3; field statisticians: 2	NSOs ministries of labor in Benin, Niger, Togo	Lack of funds for projects; delays in processing financing requests; insufficient expert resources; lack of articulation of demand by countries	Bob Pember pember@ilo.org Honore Toro Djerna djerna_dak@ilo.org
WHO	M&E: identifying indicators, adapting and using data collection tools and reporting, data quality				Carla Abou-Zahr abouzahr@who.int
UNAIDS	HIV/AIDS M&E: biologic surveillance, behavioral surveillance, policy environment, health, education, social support services, vital statistics; surveys, data management, data analysis	HQ: 25; M&E field staff: 20	WHO, UNICEF, World Bank, UNHCR, Global Fund for Fight Against AIDS, TB and Malaria, USAID, US CDC, UK	Lack of coordination across data streams; integration of AIDS data with general health info systems and central statistical units; lack of resources dedicated to M&E; poor data use for program improvement	Paul R. De Lay, Director Department of Evaluation cordero@unaids.org
UNCTAD	International trade; foreign direct investment; ICT	2	UNSD UNECA ECOWAS	Donor collaboration	Henri Laurencin, Head Central Statistics henri.laurencin@unctad.org
UNEP					

Table V



PARIS21	NSDS design and implementation; NSDS methodology; regional workshops; advocacy; donor collaboration	10	AFRISTAT, UNECA, AfDB, SADC, LAS, ECOWAS, World Bank, IMF, UK, France, Portugal, Eurostat	Statistical development not considered an important issue in development policy-making	Antoine Simonpietri, Manager of Secretariat <a href="mailto:antoine.simonpietri@oecd.org">antoine.simonpietri@oecd.org</a> Eric Bense, Program Officer <a href="mailto:eric.bense@oecd.org">eric.bense@oecd.org</a>
Australia					Warren Turner <a href="mailto:warren_turner@ausaid.gov.au">warren_turner@ausaid.gov.au</a>
Austria					Hedwig Riegler <a href="mailto:hedwig.riegler@ada.gv.at">hedwig.riegler@ada.gv.at</a>
Belgium					Michel Tierens, Min For. Affairs <a href="mailto:michel.tierens@diplobel.fed.be">michel.tierens@diplobel.fed.be</a> Hans Dhont <a href="mailto:hans.dhont@statbel.fgov.be">hans.dhont@statbel.fgov.be</a>
Canada	Data collection and monitoring for evidence-based policy and decision-making	n/a	ACBF national governments IDRC		Jonathan Rothschild <a href="mailto:jonathan.rothschild@acdi-cida.gc.ca">jonathan.rothschild@acdi-cida.gc.ca</a> Monique Bergeron, Senior Program Analyst, CIDA <a href="mailto:monique.bergeron@acdi-cida.gc.ca">monique.bergeron@acdi-cida.gc.ca</a>
Finland					Katri Soine <a href="mailto:katri.soinne@stat.fi">katri.soinne@stat.fi</a> Sinikka Antila, Min Foreign Affairs <a href="mailto:sinikka.antila@formin.fi">sinikka.antila@formin.fi</a>
Ireland					Brendan Mc Grath <a href="mailto:brendan.mcgrath@dfa.ie">brendan.mcgrath@dfa.ie</a>
Italy	TA, training	Cooperation: 1			Simonetta Di Cori <a href="mailto:simonetta.dicori@esteri.it">simonetta.dicori@esteri.it</a>
Japan			UN Statistical Institute for Asia and the Pacific		Takeharu Kojima <a href="mailto:kojima.takeharu@jica.go.jp">kojima.takeharu@jica.go.jp</a>
Luxembourg	Exploitation of existing data	Lux-Development: 4	NSOs Stat units in ministries		Roland Engeldinger <a href="mailto:roland.engeldinger@mae.etat.lu">roland.engeldinger@mae.etat.lu</a>

Table V

Development Partner	Principal Areas of Support	Number of Professionals in SCB	Key partners	General problems encountered	Contact Person
Netherlands	Agricultural statistics, nutrition data	3	Sector ministries		C.D. Smit cd.smit@minbuza.nl
Portugal	International standards and methodologies; legal framework; basic statistical operations; public accounts; education statistics; short-term economic data systems; training	5	NSOs of Angola, Mozambique, Guinea-Bissau, Cape Verde, Sao Tome & Principe	Weak secondary and higher technical skills of local staff; insufficient/undefined budgets for NSO's current expenses; poor communications infrastructure; flight of local trained experts from public service; insufficient self-funding of NSOs	Paula Barros, Chief of Division, Ministry of National Economy paulabarros@ipad.mne.gov.pt
Spain					Gloria Minguez, Min For. Affairs gloria.minguez@aeci.es
Switzerland	Local government, PARIS21 initiatives, TFSCB, democracy, human rights, good governance	Stat Unit: max 2m/months	South Africa PARIS21 Metagora	Shortage of international experts in field of statistical cooperation	Catherine Graf Catherine.graf@deza.admin.ch
ACBF	Institutional and human resources development	3	AfDB, AFRISTAT AFRITACs Cameroon Gabon Congo Rep. Malawi		Cofi Noumon c.noumon@acbf-pact.org
BEAC	Monetary statistics; balance of payments; real sector	About 45, of which 35 in member countries	CEMAC AFRISTAT		Evrard Ulrich Mounkala mounkala@beac.int
BCEAO					Ismaila Dem idem@bceao.int
CEMAC	Harmonisation of stat methodologies: national accounts, consumer price index, external trade statistics, public finance	2	AFRISTAT		Gomdigué Gognin gognin_gomdigue@yahoo.fr

Table V

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COMESA	Trade statistics	2	Member states Eurostat/EC	Delay in release of donor funds	Anthony J. Walakira <a href="mailto:awalakira@comesa.int">awalakira@comesa.int</a>
CPLP	Coordination activities				Ana Neto: <a href="mailto:ananeto@cplp.org">ananeto@cplp.org</a>
EAC	Socio-environmental statistics, macroeconomic statistics, production statistics		COMESA, EC, GTZ, Finland, ILO, UNFPA, UK		Francis Kisero <a href="mailto:kisero@eachq.int">kisero@eachq.int</a>
ECOWAS	Harmonisation of national accounts, price statistics, external trade statistics; common platform for compilation of GDP and CPI; coordination of price surveys for ICP	6	EC UN AfDB France NSOs	Delay in resource mobilization and its impact on programming of activities	Joseph Tinfissi Ilboudo <a href="mailto:ilboudo_joseph@yahoo.fr">ilboudo_joseph@yahoo.fr</a> <a href="mailto:jilboudo@ecowas.int">jilboudo@ecowas.int</a>
LAS					<a href="mailto:arabstat@internetegypt.com">arabstat@internetegypt.com</a>
UEMOA					Jean-Yves Adou <a href="mailto:adou.jeanyves@uemoa.int">adou.jeanyves@uemoa.int</a>
ENEA	Training of statisticians	5	Benin Burkina Faso Comoros Djibouti Guinea Madagascar Mali Mauritania Niger Togo Senegal	Lack of financing for student scholarships	Serigne Touba Diasse <a href="mailto:dsdena@sentoos.sn">dsdena@sentoos.sn</a>
ISSEA					Augusto Roku Mesani, Director <a href="mailto:issea@cenadi.cm">issea@cenadi.cm</a>
EASTC	Human resource development	8	17 NSOs	Lack of funds for participation in programs and for infrastructure development	Vitalis E. Muba <a href="mailto:eastc@ud.co.tz">eastc@ud.co.tz</a>

Table V

ENSEA	Faculty training, production of statistics, statistical research	20 lecturers and researchers	Côte d'Ivoire UEMOA France EC HMN PARIS21	Reduction of financial assistance and scholarships	Koffi N'Guessan, Director <a href="mailto:ensea@ensea.ed.ci">ensea@ensea.ed.ci</a>
Gates Foundation	Support to Health Metrics Network		HMN PARIS21		Sally Stanfield <a href="mailto:infor@gatesfoundation.org">infor@gatesfoundation.org</a>

Table V